McCall Redevelopment Agency Agenda *Revised March 15, 2022 – 8:00 am Legion Hall 216 E. Park Street, McCall, ID 83638 and Teams Meeting

Due to McCall's commitment to stay healthy in response to the COVID-19 Emergency and ensuring that the City's Business continues, this will be both an in person and virtual meeting. The Legion Hall's 6-foot social distancing Occupancy Capacity is <u>16</u>. The Board Members and staff who are anticipated to be in attendance is <u>8</u>. The first <u>8</u> persons who appear will be allowed to be present in the meeting location. Social distancing will be enforced, and masks are encouraged.

All other persons may attend virtually via Teams. Any member of the public can join and listen only to the meeting at 8:00 a.m. by calling in as follows: 208-634-8900 Meeting ID 391 182 710# If there are any questions or you would like a computer link, contact Michelle Groenevelt, Community and Economic Development Director at mgroenevelt@mccall.id.us or (208)534-5229.

CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL

Monty Moore, Colby Nielsen, Mike Maciaszek, Tabitha Martineau, Lew Ross, Clair Bowman and Michelle Rentzsch.

CONSENT AGENDA (ACTION ITEMS)

- Minutes February 15th, 2022
- *Invoice Elam & Burke February 28th, 2022

NEW BUSINESS

- Public Comment Regarding the 2021 Annual Report (Action Item)
- Consider Resolution No. 03-2022 Accepting the 2021 Annual Report and instructing the Chair and/or Agency Administrator to file the Annual Report with the City Clerk and other governmental entities as may be required by statute, and authorizing the publication of the legal notice of filing (Action Item)
- Presentation of the FY2020 Audit
- Consider acceptance of the FY2020 Audit (Action Item)
- Financials and Cash Flow Linda Stokes
- Lakefront Construction Project Update Kurt Wolf, Nathan Stewart
- Approval to reimburse The City of McCall for expenditures related to the Lake Street Waterfront Improvement Project (Action Item)

NEXT MEETING

Next Regular Meeting – July 19, 2022

ADJOURN

American with Disabilities Act Notice: McCall Legion Hall is accessible to persons with disabilities. If you need assistance, contact City Hall at 634-7142.

McCall Redevelopment Agency Minutes February 15, 2022 – 8:00 am Legion Hall 216 E. Park Street, McCall, ID 83638 and <u>Teams Meeting</u>

This was both an in person and virtual meeting.

CALL TO ORDER AND ROLL CALL

Monty Moore, Mike Maciaszek, Clair Bowman and Michelle Rentzsch were present. Colby Nielsen, Tabitha Martineau and Lew Ross were absent. Public Works Director, Parks and Recreation Director Kurt Wolf, Assistant City Planner Meredith Todd, Permit Technician Rachel Santiago-Govier and Consulting Attorney Meghan Conrad were also present.

CONSENT AGENDA (ACTION ITEMS)

- Minutes January 18, 2022
- December 31, 2021 Elam & Burke Invoice

Member Rentzsch made a motion to approve the Consent Agenda. Member Moore seconded the motion. All members voted aye and the motion carried.

NEW BUSINESS

• Consider tentative approval of the 2021 Annual Report, Schedule Meeting to Take Public Comment and Authorize Publication of the Meeting Notice - (Action Item)

Member Bowman made a motion to tentatively approve the 2021 Annual Report and Publicly Notice for Comment. Member Rentzsch seconded the motion. All members voted aye and the motion carried.

• Consider Resolution No. 02-2022 Amending the Amended and Restated Bylaws (2021) to update the meeting schedule (Action Item)

Member Rentzsch made a motion to approve Resolution 02-2022 with change of 2021 to 2022 and to amend the bylaws to have the election of officers in February as there is no January meeting on the new schedule. Member Bowman seconded the motion. All members voted aye and the motion carried.

• Financials and Cash Flow – Linda Stokes

Ms. Stokes was not present to make the presentation. Financials and Cash Flow were briefly discussed.

• Lakefront Construction Project Update - Kurt Wolf, Nathan Stewart

Kurt Wolf gave an update on the project. The parks crew was able to spread some black sand to reduce snowpack and get in there earlier this spring. Project is projected to be complete by the Memorial Day. The paving of the pathway and laying 60% of the sod to completion and a number of standard punch list items common to any large landscape project. The playground equipment provided by land and water conservation fund grant and LOT funds. Installer will be here as soon as weather permits. The equipment is here and stored near the site until installation.

Any member of the committee who would like to visit the site, he would be happy to schedule a time to go down there for a tour.

• Approval to reimburse The City of McCall for expenditures related to the Lake Street – Waterfront Improvement Project – (Action Item)

This is just a line item. The board approved to expend the remaining funds of the Agency for the Lake Street Improvement Project and Brown Park. Every time the City has an expense, Linda is showing what is being transferred from the MRA to the City for their expenditures.

Member Moore made a motion to approve the \$48,464 for Horrocks Engineers. Member Rentzsch seconded the motion. All members voted aye and the motion carried.

NEXT MEETING

Next Regular Meeting - March 15, 2022

ADJOURN

Member Rentzsch made a motion to adjourn. Member Moore seconded the motion. All members voted aye and the meeting was adjourned.

ELAM & BURKE

Tax Id No. 82-0451327

251 East Front Street, Suite 300 Post Office Box 1539 Boise, Idaho 83701 Telephone 208 343-5454 Fax 208 384-5844

McCall Redevelopment AgencyFebruary 28, 2022Attn: Michelle GroeneveltFebruary 28, 2022216 East Park StreetInvoice # 194917McCall, ID 83638Invoice # 194917Billing Atty - MSC

FOR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES RENDERED From February 7, 2022 Through February 28, 2022

RE: General

CLIENT/MATTER: 09259-00003

		HOURS		AMOUNT
2/07/22	MSC	.90	Review draft February meeting agenda. Provide comment on specific agenda items and circulate back to agency staff for finalization and additional input.	202.50
2/08/22	MSC	.30	Review email communication from Linda Stokes concerning status of the FY2020 audit. Review email communication from Michelle Groenevelt concerning the annual report process. Confirm process used in 2021 for the CY2020 report and draft response to Ms. Groenevelt re same.	67.50
2/09/22	MSC	.10	Review and respond to multiple email communications related to processing payments.	22.50
2/10/22	MSC	.20	Review and respond to email communication from Linda Stokes concerning agency's legal name. Provide background information with citations in the response.	45.00
2/11/22	MSC	2.20	Review and revise draft February meeting agenda and circulate to agency staff. Review and respond to email communication re status of agenda items. Work on drafting the resolution re bylaw amendment and circulate the same to agency staff. Review and provide comment on the draft 2021 annual report. Review and follow up on ability to add agenda items and prepare to follow up with agency staff concerning same.	495.00
2/14/22	MSC	.50	Review email communications from Michelle Groenevelt concerning finalizing the 2021 annual	112.50

ELAM & BURKE ATTORNEYS AT LAW

Tax Id No. 82-0451327

251 East Front Street, Suite 300 Post Office Box 1539 Boise, Idaho 83701 Telephone 208 343-5454 Fax 208 384-5844

RE: General

CLIENT/MATTER: 09259-00003 February 28, 2022 Invoice # 194917 report and project update from City staff. Draft response re same. Review agenda and packet.

			Review status update email re meeting attendance and agenda items.	
2/15/22	MSC	.50	Attend and participate (virtually) in the agency board meeting. Review and assess updated financial information from Linda Stokes for purposes of finalizing the annual report.	112.50
2/16/22	KSK	.60	Draft resolution approving annual report,	60.00
			pre-meeting and post-meeting public notices for publishing re annual report.	
2/16/22	MSC	.10	Review and respond to email communication from Rachel Santiago-Govier re meeting follow up.	22.50

PROFESSIONAL FEES

1,140.00

					Non-Chargeable		
Timekeeper	Staff	Rate	Hours	Amount	Hours	Amount	
Conrad, Meghan S.	Shareholder	225.00	4.80	1,080.00	.00	.00	
Kline, Kim S.	Paralegal	100.00	.60	60.00	.00	.00	
			5.40	1,140.00	.00	.00	

INVOICE TOTAL

1,140.00

2021 ANNUAL REPORT URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY OF THE CITY OF McCALL, ALSO KNOW AS THE McCALL REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY

Pursuant to Idaho Code § 50-2006(5)(c), an urban renewal agency is required to file with the local governing body, on or before March 31 of each year, a report of its activities for the preceding calendar year, which shall include a complete financial statement setting forth its assets, liabilities, income and operating expense at the end of the calendar year. An urban renewal agency's fiscal year commences October 1 and ends September 30. Consequently, any formal financial statement would be limited to a report through the end of the Agency's fiscal year. Pursuant to Idaho Code § 67-450B, an urban renewal agency is required to prepare certain audited financial statements as described in that section depending on the agency's overall expenditures. The Agency's audit for fiscal year ending September 30, 2021, is currently underway. Idaho Code § 67-450B requires the Agency to upload the completed audit report to the Legislative Services Office within nine months after the end of the audit period, but no later than June 30 of the following year. Beginning in Fiscal Year 2022, the FY2021 audit will be submitted to the new central registry and reporting portal on the state controller's website pursuant to Idaho Code Section 67-1076.

The budgetary process, which the Agency completed on August 18, 2021, resulted in a termination budget approval that depicts actual and budgeted figures for Fiscal Years 2020, 2021 and 2022 identifying budgeted obligations and costs related to completing the E. Lake Street Waterfront & Brown Park Improvements Project and final year costs. Additionally, the Agency Board approved a budget for the Downtown West Urban Renewal Project that depicts actual and budgeted figures for Fiscal Years 2021 and 2022. A copy of the approved budgets are attached as Exhibit 1 to this report. Under reporting requirements set forth in Idaho Code § 67-1076, the Agency must submit certain information to the State controller's website by December 1 each year. The Agency will timely submit the necessary information to the registry on or before December 1, 2022. For FY2021, under prior law, the Agency had to submit certain information to the Legislative Services Office by December 1 each year. The Agency timely submitted its FY2021 budget; however, the Agency's 2020 audit is in progress, but has not been completed. The Agency is also required to submit certain information to the Idaho State Tax Commission for the urban renewal registry pursuant to Idaho Code Section 50-2913. The Agency timely submitted the necessary information.

The McCall City Council formally approved the 1990 Urban Renewal Plan for the Railroad Avenue Area on December 13, 1990, by Ordinance No. 578 (the "Lake Front Plan") establishing the revenue allocation project area (the "Lake Front Project Area"). The ordinance became effective upon publication. Since that approval, the Agency has work on implementation of the Lake Front Plan. In 2006, pursuant to Section 900 of the Lake Front Plan, the Agency prepared the 2006 Updated Urban Renewal Plan (the "Amended Lake Front Plan"). The Lake Front Project Area terminated on September 30, 2021, as formally acknowledged in City Council Ordinance No. 1007, dated September 23, 2021.

The McCall City Council formally approved the Urban Renewal Plan for the Downtown West Urban Renewal Project on October 24, 2019, by Ordinance No. 928 (the "Downtown West Plan") establishing the Downtown West Project Area. The ordinance became effective upon publication. The Agency is working on implementation of the Downtown West Project Area.

AGENCY BOARD MEMBERS, OFFICERS, CONSULTANTS AND SUPPORT STAFF

Board members for calendar year 2021 included Bob Giles, Monty Moore, Colby Nielsen, Rick Fereday, Mike Maciaszek, Tabitha Martineau, Lew Ross and Nic Swanson. Officers for the year were Rick Fereday, Chairman, and Nick Swanson, Vice-Chairman. Elam & Burke, P.A. served as legal counsel on certain matters as requested by the Agency Board and/or Agency Staff. Michelle Groenevelt, the Community and Economic Development Director for the City of McCall serves as the Agency's Administrator. Additional administrative support for the Agency is provided by Rachel Santiago-Govier who acts as the Secretary. Linda Stokes, the City Treasurer, performs treasurer duties for the Agency.

AGENCY ACTIVITIES

Lake Front Project Area

Design and Engineering for the Lake Front Improvement Plan

During 2020, the Agency began working on the design and engineering for projects to be undertaken by the Agency in support of completing the Lake Front Improvement Plan prior to termination of the Lake Front Project Area on September 30, 2021. The Agency budgeted approximately \$1.7 million to spend on projects in the final year. During 2020 and 2021, the City Council and Agency entered into several agreements addressing construction management and funding of the projects approved by the City Council and Agency Board.

E. Lake Street and Brown Park Engineering and Constructability Evaluation

The Board spent significant time working with Horrocks and City staff defining planning project areas, and working on designs and engineering for the remaining projects on E. Lake Street and Brown Park. Ultimately, the E. Lake Street and Brown Park Engineering and Constructability Evaluation was adopted by the MRA Board and City Council to inform the remaining projects in the Lake Front Project Area. This past year included design, bidding and construction for stabilizing Brown Park Shoreline and then the Park itself.

Brown Park Slope Stabilization and Park Reconstruction Project

Falvey's LLC was the low bidder and awarded the scope of work on the Brown Park Slope Stabilization project by the City Council. This work occurred in the fall of 2020 while Payette Lake was at low pool. The encroachment permit was obtained. During 2020 it was determined deeper borings were necessary to confirm what is needed to secure the platform and a geo tech study was required for construction in 2021. Additionally, during 2020, project prioritization was confirmed and the sequencing of projects was mapped out to determine what portion of the Agency's remaining Lake Front Project Area revenues are available to fund the proposed designed and engineered projects. Furthermore, the Agency in partnership with other grant and city resources provided funding for the reconstruction of Brown Park.

Transfer of MRA Parcels

MRA adopted a resolution to transfer the two MRA-owned parcels to the City of McCall. As part of the termination process, the agency divested itself of real property, specifically the parcel

at 1614 Davis and the two unaddressed properties around the area of Railroad and Pine Streets. There is a restricted covenant agreement that the parcels will be maintained for 'public use'.

Public Art

The Agency Board committed \$100,000 for public art within the Lake Front Project Area. Pursuant to a competitive process in 2020, artist Amy Westover was selected and brought three concepts to the Agency Board for discussion and selection. Amy Westover developed three concepts for public art projects. The three ideas were titled Tree Ring, Mill Whistle and The Lake Platforms. Considerations for weather, construction, historical significance, inspiration and build technique were discussed for each. Ultimately, the Mill Whistle was selected, created and blew to commemorate the last time it blew on October 28th, 1977 at 1:55pm. An event was held at Legacy Park on October 28, 2021, to celebrate the accomplishments of the Lake Front Project Area and to test the Whistle.

Termination of the Lake Front Project Area

The MRA Board worked with Staff and the MRA Attorney to complete all the steps to terminate and close out the Lake Front Project Area. Due to construction delays primarily due to COVID-19 resulting in supply chain issues and labor shortages, the East Lake Street and Brown Park Improvement Project was not completed and carried over to FY2022. The Project is anticipated to be completed with existing revenue allocation proceeds by spring/summer 2022. Any remaining surplus funds will be returned to the County for pro-rata distribution to the affected taxing districts. The Agency is completing its scope of work and is not receiving additional revenue allocation are proceeds as the increment value became available for the overlapping taxing districts to use is setting their respective FY2022 budgets.

Downtown West Project Area

No projects were planned for the new district to allow time to acquire funding for future projects.

REVENUES

Tax Increment Revenue

The only source of Agency income is revenue allocation proceeds, also referred to as tax increment revenue, generated within the Lake Front Project Area and the Downtown West Project Area. Because of the provisions of the Local Economic Development Act, Title 50, Chapter 29, Idaho Code, and the ad valorem tax system, for the Lake Front Project Area, the Agency received $\frac{799,276}{100}$ tax increment revenue and $\frac{3,067}{100}$ interest earnings totaling $\frac{802,243}{100}$ in 2021. For the Downtown West Project Area, the Agency received $\frac{85,589}{100}$ tax increment revenue and $\frac{90}{100}$ interest earnings totaling $\frac{85,589}{100}$.

EXPENDITURES

Leverage of Agency Dollars

An integral component of the Agency's program is to develop outside funding sources to leverage Agency dollars for improvements within each revenue allocation area. The Agency continues to

coordinate with property owners and public entities in an effort to determine redevelopment opportunities. To date the focus has been on funding public infrastructure improvements, which in turn, draws patrons to downtown McCall, with the effect of increasing the economic vitality of the community. The public improvements, which includes those made to Legacy Park, have had a significant impact on economic development.

The Agency intends to seek, review and approve funding, where appropriate, for other projects that positively impact each revenue allocation area and its residents.

OPERATING EXPENSES

The Agency's operating expenses are minimal. Those expenses are shown on Exhibit 1 to this report.

ASSETS

The Agency's Assets are comprised of cash accounts and property taxes receivable. The Agency owned parcels were transferred to the City during the fall of 2021. The major portions of property taxes are received twice per year (end of January and end of July) with smaller amounts of delinquent taxes received during the course of the year.

LIABILITIES AND DEBT

As of the fiscal year end, the Agency's liabilities consist only of current accounts payable and deferred revenue.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN AGENCY'S FINANCIAL POSITION

The Agency currently operates in a "pay-as-you-go" environment, committing only those funds to projects that can be funded out of current funds or projected tax increment revenues in a given fiscal year, though the Agency continues to consider how to better leverage Agency funds.

Mike Maciaszek, Chairman

Exhibit 1 FY2021 Budgets

CITY OF MCCALL REVENUES WITH COMPARISON TO BUDGET FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		PERIOD ACTUAL	YTD ACTUAL	BUDGET	UNEARNED	PCNT
	TAX INCREMENT REVENUE					
90-30-010-100.0	TAX INCREMENT	.00	763,765.26	750,000.00	(13,765.26)	101.8
	TOTAL TAX INCREMENT REVENUE	.00	763,765.26	750,000.00	(13,765.26)	101.8
	INTEREST REVENUE					
90-30-045-100.0	INTEREST INCOME	.00	9,374.25	15,000.00	5,625.75	62.5
	TOTAL INTEREST REVENUE	.00	9,374.25	15,000.00	5,625.75	62.5
	APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE					
90-30-050-997.0	APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	.00	.00	1,086,214.00	1,086,214.00	.0
	TOTAL APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	.00	.00	1,086,214.00	1,086,214.00	.0
	SOURCE 060					
90-30-060-983.0	TRANSFER FROM CAPITAL PRJ.	53,498.34	53,498.34	.00	(53,498.34)	.0
	TOTAL SOURCE 060	53,498.34	53,498.34	.00	(53,498.34)	.0
	TOTAL FUND REVENUE	53,498.34	826,637.85	1,851,214.00	1,024,576.15	44.7

CITY OF MCCALL EXPENDITURES WITH COMPARISON TO BUDGET FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

		PERIOD ACTUAL	YTD ACTUAL	BUDGET	UNEXPENDED	PCNT
	URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY EXPENSES					
	OPERATING EXPENSE					
90-40-150-300.0	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	.00	22,753.52	50,000.00	27,246.48	45.5
90-40-150-410.0	INSURANCE	.00	1,443.00	1,443.00	.00	100.0
90-40-150-657.0	BANK CHARGES	.00	1,389.63	4,500.00	3,110.37	30.9
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSE	.00	25,586.15	55,943.00	30,356.85	45.7
	CAPITAL EXPENSE					
90-40-200-998.0	RESERVED - FUTURE CAPITAL	.00	.00	1,071,376.00	1,071,376.00	.0
	TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENSE	.00	.00	1,071,376.00	1,071,376.00	.0
	DEBT RELATED EXPENSE					
90-40-350-500.0	REVENUE BOND PRINCIPAL	.00	.00	435,000.00	435,000.00	.0
90-40-350-510.0	REVENUE BOND INTEREST	.00	2,235.00	19,575.00	17,340.00	.0 11.4
	TOTAL DEBT RELATED EXPENSE	.00	2,235.00	454,575.00	452,340.00	.5
		·				
	INTER-FUND TRANSFER EXPENSE					
90-40-600-971.0	FUND TRF-COMMERCIAL WATERFRONT	.00	189,615.74	269,320.00	79,704.26	70.4
	TOTAL INTER-FUND TRANSFER EXPENSE	.00	189,615.74	269,320.00	79,704.26	70.4
	CLASSIFICATION 650					
90-40-650-980.0	DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	.00	331,860.00	.00	(331,860.00)	.0
	TOTAL CLASSIFICATION 650	.00	331,860.00	.00	(331,860.00)	.0
	TOTAL URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY EXPENSE	.00	549,296.89	1,851,214.00	1,301,917.11	29.7
	TOTAL FUND REVENUE	53,498.34	826,637.85	1,851,214.00	1,024,576.15	44.7
	TOTAL FUND EXPENDITURES	.00	549,296.89	1,851,214.00	1,301,917.11	29.7
	NET REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	53,498.34	277,340.96	.00	(277,340.96)	.0
	CONTINGENCY					

CITY OF MCCALL EXPENDITURES WITH COMPARISON TO BUDGET FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2020

	PERIOD ACTUAL	YTD ACTUAL	BUDGET	UNEXPENDED	PCNT
				(
REV/EXP WITH CONTINGENCY	53,498.34	277,340.96	.00	(277,340.96)	.0

CITY OF MCCALL REVENUES WITH COMPARISON TO BUDGET FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		PERIOD ACTUAL	YTD ACTUAL	BUDGET	UNEARNED	PCNT
	TAX INCREMENT REVENUE					
90-30-010-100.0	TAX INCREMENT	15,211.00	782,833.42	793,819.00	10,985.58	98.6
	TOTAL TAX INCREMENT REVENUE	15,211.00	782,833.42	793,819.00	10,985.58	98.6
	INTEREST REVENUE					
90-30-045-100.0	INTEREST INCOME	104.94	2,961.80	8,400.00	5,438.20	35.3
	TOTAL INTEREST REVENUE	104.94	2,961.80	8,400.00	5,438.20	35.3
	APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE					
90-30-050-997.0	APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	.00	.00	1,215,162.00	1,215,162.00	.0
	TOTAL APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE	.00	.00	1,215,162.00	1,215,162.00	.0
	OTHER REVENUE					
90-30-070-900.0	MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	.16	16,442.52	.00	(16,442.52)	.0
	TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	.16	16,442.52	.00	(16,442.52)	.0
	TOTAL FUND REVENUE	15,316.10	802,237.74	2,017,381.00	1,215,143.26	39.8

CITY OF MCCALL EXPENDITURES WITH COMPARISON TO BUDGET FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

		PERIOD ACTUAL	YTD ACTUAL	BUDGET	UNEXPENDED	PCNT
	URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY EXPENSES					
	OPERATING EXPENSE					
90-40-150-300.0 90-40-150-350.0 90-40-150-410.0	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES ENGINEER SERVICES INSURANCE	2,259.50 .00 .00	59,624.67 .00 1,546.00	51,250.00 100,000.00 1,546.00	(8,374.67) 100,000.00 .00	116.3 .0 100.0
90-40-150-657.0	BANK CHARGES	.00	1,989.05	1,625.00	(364.05)	122.4
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSE	2,259.50	63,159.72	154,421.00	91,261.28	40.9
	CAPITAL EXPENSE					
90-40-200-700.0	DT PUBLIC ART	.00	101,750.00	90,000.00	(11,750.00)	113.1
	TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENSE	.00	101,750.00	90,000.00	(11,750.00)	113.1
	INTER-FUND TRANSFER EXPENSE					
90-40-600-971.0	FUND TRF-COMMERCIAL WATERFRONT	211,399.89	1,173,932.66	1,772,960.00	599,027.34	66.2
	TOTAL INTER-FUND TRANSFER EXPENSE	211,399.89	1,173,932.66	1,772,960.00	599,027.34	66.2
	CLASSIFICATION 650					
90-40-650-980.0	DEPRECIATION EXPENSE	331,860.00	331,860.00	.00	(331,860.00)	.0
	TOTAL CLASSIFICATION 650	331,860.00	331,860.00	.00	(331,860.00)	.0
	TOTAL URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY EXPENSE	545,519.39	1,670,702.38	2,017,381.00	346,678.62	82.8
	TOTAL FUND REVENUE	15,316.10	802,237.74	2,017,381.00	1,215,143.26	39.8
	TOTAL FUND EXPENDITURES	545,519.39	1,670,702.38	2,017,381.00	346,678.62	82.8
	NET REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(530,203.29)	(868,464.64)	.00	868,464.64	.0
	CONTINGENCY					
	REV/EXP WITH CONTINGENCY	(530,203.29)	(868,464.64)	.00	868,464.64	.0

CITY OF MCCALL REVENUES WITH COMPARISON TO BUDGET FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

DT W URBAN RENEWAL PRJ.

		PERIOD ACTUAL	YTD ACTUAL	BUDGET	UNEARNED	PCNT
	TAX INCREMENT REVENUE					
91-30-010-100.0	TAX INCREMENT	494.00	83,835.74	84,664.00	828.26	99.0
	TOTAL TAX INCREMENT REVENUE	494.00	83,835.74	84,664.00	828.26	99.0
	INTEREST REVENUE					
91-30-045-100.0	INTEREST INCOME	.00	.00	1,000.00	1,000.00	.0
	TOTAL INTEREST REVENUE	.00	.00	1,000.00	1,000.00	.0
	OTHER REVENUE					
91-30-070-900.0	MISCELLANEOUS REVENUE	.00	1,753.64	.00	(1,753.64)	.0
	TOTAL OTHER REVENUE	.00	1,753.64	.00	(1,753.64)	.0
	TOTAL FUND REVENUE	494.00	85,589.38	85,664.00	74.62	99.9

CITY OF MCCALL EXPENDITURES WITH COMPARISON TO BUDGET FOR THE 12 MONTHS ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2021

DT W URBAN RENEWAL PRJ.

		PERIOD ACTUAL	YTD ACTUAL	BUDGET	UNEXPENDED	PCNT
	DT W URBAN RENEWAL PRJ EXPNSES					
	OPERATING EXPENSE					
91-40-150-300.0	PROFESSIONAL SERVICES	.00	.00	20,000.00	20,000.00	.0
	TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSE	.00	.00	20,000.00	20,000.00	.0
	CAPITAL EXPENSE					
91-40-200-998.0	RESERVED - FUTURE CAPITAL	.00	.00	65,664.00	65,664.00	.0
	TOTAL CAPITAL EXPENSE	.00	.00	65,664.00	65,664.00	.0
	TOTAL DT W URBAN RENEWAL PRJ EXPNSE	.00	.00	85,664.00	85,664.00	.0
	TOTAL FUND REVENUE	494.00	85,589.38	85,664.00	74.62	99.9
	TOTAL FUND EXPENDITURES	.00	.00	85,664.00	85,664.00	.0
	NET REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	494.00	85,589.38	.00	(85,589.38)	.0
	CONTINGENCY					
	REV/EXP WITH CONTINGENCY	494.00	85,589.38	.00	(85,589.38)	.0

RESOLUTION NO. 03-2022

BY THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY OF THE CITY OF McCALL, IDAHO:

A RESOLUTION OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY OF THE CITY OF McCALL, IDAHO, A/K/A THE McCALL REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, TO BE TERMED THE "ANNUAL REPORT RESOLUTION," APPROVING THE ANNUAL REPORT OF THE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY, FOR CALENDAR YEAR 2021; APPROVING THE NOTICE OF FILING THE ANNUAL REPORT WITH THE CITY AND IDAHO STATE CONTROLLER; DIRECTING THE CHAIR, VICE-CHAIR, OR AGENCY ADMINISTRATOR TO FILE SAID REPORT; AND PROVIDING AN EFFECTIVE DATE.

THIS RESOLUTION, made on the date hereinafter set forth by the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of McCall, Idaho, also known as the McCall Redevelopment Agency, an independent public body, corporate and politic, authorized under the authority of the Idaho Urban Renewal Law of 1965, Chapter 20, Title 50, Idaho Code, as amended (hereinafter the "Law") and the Local Economic Development Act, Chapter 29, Title 50, Idaho Code, as amended (hereinafter the "Act"), a duly created and functioning urban renewal agency for McCall, Idaho, hereinafter referred to as the "Agency."

WHEREAS, the City Council ("City Council") of the city of McCall, Idaho ("City"), after notice duly published, conducted a public hearing on the 1990 Urban Renewal Plan for the Railroad Avenue Area (the "Railroad Avenue Plan");

WHEREAS, following said public hearing the City Council adopted its Ordinance No. 578 on December 13, 1990, approving the Railroad Avenue Plan, establishing the Railroad Avenue revenue allocation area (the "Railroad Avenue Project Area"), and making certain findings;

WHEREAS, in 2006, pursuant to Section 900 of the Railroad Avenue Plan, the Agency prepared the 2006 Updated Urban Renewal Plan (the "Amended Railroad Avenue Plan");

WHEREAS, the Railroad Avenue Project Area was terminated in 2021, and the Agency will not receive revenue allocation area proceeds for the Railroad Avenue Project Area in FY2022; however, the Agency is utilizing existing revenue allocation area proceeds accrued in the Railroad Avenue Project Area to complete projects that were unable to be completed on or

before September 30, 2021, due to unavoidable project delays, which projects are anticipated to be completed on or before September 30, 2022;

WHEREAS, the City Council, after notice duly published, conducted a public hearing on the Urban Renewal Plan for the Downtown West Urban Renewal Project (the "Downtown West Plan");

WHEREAS, following said public hearing the City Council adopted its Ordinance No. 982 on October 24, 2019, approving the Downtown West Plan, establishing the Downtown West revenue allocation area (the "Downtown West Project Area") and making certain findings;

WHEREAS, the Railroad Avenue Plan, as amended, and the Downtown West Plan contain revenue allocation financing provisions pursuant to the Act;

WHEREAS, pursuant to Idaho Code Section 20-2006(5)(c), the Agency is required to prepare an annual report and file the annual report with the City and the Idaho State Controller, on or before March 31 of each year;

WHEREAS, the Agency Board reviewed and tentatively approved the draft annual report at the February 15, 2022, Agency Board meeting and directed that the report be made available and notice of availability be posted;

WHEREAS, the Agency Administrator took steps to provide a copy of the report for public review and comment;

WHEREAS, on March 15, 2021, pursuant to Idaho Code Section 50-2006(5)(c), the Agency held an open public meeting, properly noticed, to report these findings in the annual report and to take comments from the public at the McCall Legion Hall, 216 E. Park Street, McCall, Idaho, on the proposed annual report.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED BY THE MEMBERS OF THE BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS OF THE URBAN RENEWAL AGENCY OF THE CITY OF McCALL, IDAHO, A/K/A THE McCALL REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, AS FOLLOWS:

<u>Section 1</u>: That the above statements are true and correct.

Section 2. That the annual report attached hereto as **Exhibit A** and the notice of filing the annual report attached hereto as **Exhibit B** are hereby approved and adopted by the Agency Board.

<u>Section 3</u>: That the Board Chair, Vice-Chair, or Agency Administrator shall submit said annual report to the city of McCall, Idaho, and the Idaho State Controller, as directed by the Idaho State Controller's staff, on or before March 31, 2022.

Section 4: That this Resolution shall be in full force and effect immediately upon its adoption and approval.

PASSED AND ADOPTED by the Urban Renewal Agency of the City of McCall, Idaho, also known as the McCall Redevelopment Agency, on March 15, 2022. Signed by the Chair of the Board of Commissioners and attested by the Secretary to the Board of Commissioners, on March 15, 2021.

APPROVED:

Chair of the Board

ATTEST:

Secretary 4858-2120-8591, v. 1

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Independent Auditor's Report

Members of the City Council City of McCall, Idaho McCall, Idaho

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of McCall, Idaho (the City) as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of McCall, Idaho, as of September 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability – PERSI, and schedule of employer contributions, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is not a required part of the financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 11, 2022, on our consideration of the City of McCall, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Boise, Idaho March 11, 2022 As management of the City of McCall, Idaho (City) we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of McCall for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. Please use this information in conjunction with the information furnished in the City's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City of McCall exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as of September 30, 2020 by \$83,168,125 (net position) in comparison to \$72,587,433 (net position) as of September 30, 2019. Of this amount \$12,772,287 is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.
- During fiscal year 2020 the City's total Net Position increased \$10,580,692. Net Position of the governmental activities increased \$9,135,801 and Net Position of business-type activities increased \$1,444,891.
- Total expenses during the year were \$13,047,159 compared to total revenues and transfers of \$23,627,851.
- Fund balance of governmental funds at September 30, 2020 totaled \$11,634,106. Of this amount, \$190,756 is nonspendable, \$1,865,329 is restricted, \$4,368,838 is assigned which represents the remaining fund balance of the special revenue funds: 1) \$1,394,684 Streets / Public Works, 2) \$928,791 Airport, 3) \$834,934 Library, 4) \$637,735 Recreation, 5) \$76,504 Capital Projects, and 6) \$774,841 Streets Local Option Taxes. The Unassigned portion of fund balance is \$5,209,183 which represents the remaining fund balance of the General Fund.
- The City has \$1,698,729 in long-term debt and compensated absences. In governmental activities, the only balance is compensated absences. In business-type activities, there are balances in compensated absences, a drinking water note payable to the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality, and capital leases for golf carts.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of McCall's basic financial statements, which are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

These statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of McCall's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The current year's revenues and expenses are recorded as transactions occur rather than when cash is received or paid.

City of McCall, Idaho Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2020

There are two government-wide statements:

Statement of Net Position

Reports all of the City's assets and liabilities with the difference between the two reported as Net Position. Over time, increases or decreases in Net Position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Activities

Reports how the City's Net Position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in Net Position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of McCall include City administration, community planning and development, public safety, parks and recreation, library, airport, public works and streets, and local option tax. The business-type activities of the City include the golf course and water system.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of McCall itself (known as the primary government), but also the McCall Redevelopment Agency, a legally separate entity and a component unit of the City. Financial information for the component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund Financial Statements

The Fund financial statements provide information about the City's major funds, not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Funds may be required by law or may be established by the City Council. All of the funds of the City of McCall can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financial requirements.

City of McCall, Idaho Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2020

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains seven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the general, airport, street / public works, recreation, library, and local option tax fund. These are considered major funds. Data from the other non-major fund (capital projects) is also included.

Proprietary Funds

The City of McCall only has one type of propriety fund, the enterprise fund, which is used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Information is presented separately in the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position and the Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position for the golf and water funds, which are considered major funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is necessary to fully understand the data presented in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other required and non-required supplementary information. Budget to actual comparisons are presented as required supplementary information for the General Fund, the Street / Public Works Fund, the Airport Fund, the Recreation Fund, the Library Fund, and the Local Option Tax Fund.

Two additional schedules are included as required supplementary information. The Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability – PERSI and the Schedule of Employer Contributions are included as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 68.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Net Position

Net Position measures the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources (what the City owns) and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources (what the City owes). The City's combined assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$83,168,125 in 2020. The largest portion of the City's Net Position, 82%, is invested in capital assets, net of related debt. Capital assets include land, buildings, equipment, machinery, and infrastructure. Unrestricted Net Position equals 16% of total Net Position.

The condensed Statements of Net Position for the years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019 are presented in the table below.

	Primary Government											
		Govern	men	tal		Busine	ness-type			Total Primary		
		Activ	vities			Activities				Government		
		FY2020		FY2019		FY2020		FY2019		FY2020		FY2019
Current and Other Assets	\$	20,919,766	\$	21,203,265	\$	5,867,287	\$	4,500,554	\$	26,787,053	\$	25,703,819
Capital Assets		48,739,708		38,601,071		20,842,700		21,072,231		69,582,408		59,673,302
Total Assets		69,659,474		59,804,336		26,709,987		25,572,785		96,369,461		85,377,121
Deferred Outflows of Resources		529,967		193,268		129,517		93,469		659,484		286,737
Total Assets and Deferred												
Outflows of Resources		70,189,441		59,997,604		26,839,504		25,666,254		97,028,945		85,663,858
Current Liabilities		2,404,680		1,442,209		685,556		678,121		3,090,236		2,120,330
Long-term Liabilities		2,319,332		1,126,102		1,541,019		1,769,814		3,860,351		2,895,916
Total Liabilities		4,724,012		2,568,311		2,226,575		2,447,935		6,950,587		5,016,246
Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,808,494		7,908,159		101,739		152,020		6,910,233		8,060,179
Total Liabilities and Deferred												
Inflows of Resources		11,532,506		10,476,470		2,328,314		2,599,955		13,860,820		13,076,425
Net Position												
Net investment in Capital Assets	\$	48,739,708	\$	38,601,071	\$	19,790,801	\$	19,667,879	\$	68,530,509	\$	58,268,950
Restricted		1,865,329		2,680,143		-		-		1,865,329		2,680,143
Unrestricted		8,051,898		8,239,920		4,720,389		3,398,420		12,772,287		11,638,340
Total Net Position		58,656,935		49,521,134		24,511,190		23,066,299		83,168,125		72,587,433
	\$	70,189,441	\$	59,997,604	\$	26,839,504	\$	25,666,254	\$	97,028,945	\$	85,663,858

Changes in Net Position

The following condensed financial information as presented in the table below was derived from the government-wide Statements of Activities for years ended September 30, 2020 and 2019. During the year the City's financial position increased by \$10,580,692.

	Primary Government									
	Gover	nmental	Busine	ess-Type	Total	Total Primary				
	Acti	vities	Act	ivities	Gove	rnment				
	FY2020	FY2019	FY2020	FY2019	FY2020	FY2019				
Revenues										
Program Revenues										
Charges for services	\$ 1,444,903	\$ 1,209,418	\$ 4,420,471	\$ 3,708,860	\$ 5,865,374	\$ 4,918,278				
Operating grants and contributions	1,438,118	426,094	-	-	1,438,118	426,094				
Capital grants and contributions	5,337,932	420,810	10,000	6,000	5,347,932	426,810				
General revenue:										
Property taxes	6,382,139	6,101,416	-	-	6,382,139	6,101,416				
Franchise fees	307,724	315,696	-	-	307,724	315,696				
Sales tax and other governmental	3,842,104	3,624,537	-	-	3,842,104	3,624,537				
Unrestricted investment earnings	158,295	268,215	45,983	87,439	204,278	355,654				
Other revenue	146,898	42,325	35,475	100,033	182,373	142,358				
Total Revenues	19,058,113	12,408,511	4,511,929	3,902,332	23,570,042	16,310,843				
Expenses										
General Government										
Executive & Legislative	205,019	184,597	-	-	205,019	184,597				
Administration	1,269,702	1,013,830	-	-	1,269,702	1,013,830				
Public Safety	1,529,262	1,643,147	-	-	1,529,262	1,643,147				
Parks	130,792	193,090	-	-	130,792	193,090				
Recreation	1,423,819	1,218,555	-	-	1,423,819	1,218,555				
Community Services	883,720	806,260	-	-	883,720	806,260				
Library	466,299	520,836	-	-	466,299	520,836				
Airport	673,325	627,179	-	-	673,325	627,179				
Local Option Tax	353,510	249,741	-	-	353,510	249,741				
Streets/Public Works	2,936,386	2,389,001	-	-	2,936,386	2,389,001				
Enterprise - Golf and Water			3,175,325	3,034,498	3,175,325	3,034,498				
Total Expenses	9,871,834	8,846,236	3,175,325	3,034,498	13,047,159	11,880,734				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over expenditures before transfers	9,186,279	3,562,275	1,336,604	867,834	10,522,883	4,430,109				
Transfers - internal activities	(50,478)	(302,777)	108,287	190,688	57,809	(112,089)				
Change in Net Position	9,135,801	3,259,498	1,444,891	1,058,522	10,580,692	4,318,020				
Net Position, Beginning of Year	49,521,134	46,261,636	23,066,299	22,007,777	72,587,433	68,269,413				
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 58,656,935	\$ 49,521,134	\$ 24,511,190	\$ 23,066,299	\$ 83,168,125	\$ 72,587,433				

City of McCall, Idaho Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2020

Governmental Activities

The City of McCall saw a 41.94% increase in building permit and planning fee revenues, as compared to 2019, an indication that development activity continues to grow within the city and surrounding area. Governmental activities increased the City's Net Position by \$9,186,279. The streets local option tax generated \$2,176,578, a 4.4% increase in local sales tax revenue in 2020 as compared to \$2,084,110 in 2019.

The City of McCall experienced the onset of the COVID-19 pandemic in March 2020. The City and the State of issued emergency declarations in March and the Governor issued "stay at home" orders for the month of April which included prohibitions on discretionary travel, no indoor restaurant or bar services, and no gatherings. The Governor began reopening the state slowly through May with full reopening in June. The City Council issued a mask mandate in June 2020 which remained in effect for almost a year.

Since McCall is a tourist destination with sales and lodging taxes generated by visitors, the City took a conservative financial approach for revenue forecasts for the second half of the fiscal year. Major capital purchases and projects were delayed until the financial impacts of the pandemic could be analyzed and understood. The Downtown Core reconstruction project which began in Summer of 2018 is on track to be completed in 2023 and is primarily funded with the streets local option tax revenue.

The City saw a decrease in sales and lodging taxes for the month of April, but those taxes rebounded once the Governor lifted travel restrictions. Ultimately the city saw higher than average sales and lodging taxes as McCall was seen as a safe and convenient vacation destination for Idahoans who were unable to travel to other states or outside of the country during 2020.

The City Council adopted a Broadband Strategic Plan called "RAPID" for the future deployment of a municipal fiber utility throughout the city. The City is actively pursuing grants and funding sources potentially available through CARES Act and other sources to support rural broadband. The vision is for the utility to be financed by future Local Improvement Districts (LID) created for each neighborhood that chooses to opt-in to the system with property owners repaying the city for the extension of fiber to the home from the city main fiber line. The conduit for the fiber backbone was installed throughout the city in 2020.

The Library Board of Trustees embarked upon a capital fund raising campaign to expand the existing library. In 2018 the McCall Public Library Foundation was created to assist in their fund-raising efforts. The City Council placed a \$6.5 million General Obligation Bond on the May 2020 election ballot which was narrowly defeated by the voters. The plan is to survey the community and present a new General Obligation Bond at the May 2021 election.

The McCall Redevelopment and the City of McCall entered into an agreement to renovate and improve Brown Park, replace the playground equipment, and to restore the shoreline on the east side of Payette lake.

Business-Type Activities

The business-type activities of the City include Golf and Water. The City of McCall issued 113 equivalent domestic use permits in the water system in 2020 as compared to 84 in 2019. The number of new water connections were up 34.52%.

The Water Utility was viewed by Council as an essential service during the COVID-19 pandemic. To assist water utility customers who found themselves unable to pay during the pandemic shutdown, the Council adopted a temporary policy to waive late fees and water shut-off's due to non-payment. After 12 months the Council ended the temporary policy and water customers who were delinquent were placed on payment plans to catch up. There were 37 accounts who took part in the program and the City waived \$10,207 in late fees.

The Golf Course continues to receive a subsidy from the general fund to help cover personnel costs, assist with capital improvements, and to plow cart paths in the winter to provide the general public a free recreational resource.

The Golf department saw an increase in rounds played during the pandemic due to the sport being seen as a safe outdoor recreation activity. Golf revenues were strong. The City Council initiated a Golf Course Asset Management Master Plan to identify the replacement needs of the infrastructure, such as irrigation systems, along with course improvements to keep the public course playable and accessible for all types.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

Governmental Funds

General Fund

The general fund is the principal fund used for the City's major operations. The fund balance as of September 30, 2020 was \$6,986,587, a decrease of 1.9% over the fund balance at the end of the prior fiscal year. The City's conservative spending continues to keep expenditures at or below budget. Fund balance is primarily used to fund one-time expenditures and to fund the City's five (5) year Capital Improvement Plan.

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City of McCall, Idaho Management's Discussion and Analysis September 30, 2020

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

General Fund

As part of the budget, Council adopts both contingent revenue and expense amounts to allow for the receipt and expenditure of small amounts of unexpected revenues without a formal budget amendment. Throughout the year, several unexpected grants, donations, and other miscellaneous revenues were received. City Council approved budget line item transfers from contingency line items to the appropriate revenue and expense accounts. These transfers did not change the original adopted budget for the fund. Contingency line items are not included in the original budget amounts on the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund, Street / Public Works Fund, Airport Fund, Recreation Fund, Library Fund and Streets Local Option Tax Fund.

The City of McCall funds a large portion of its Five-Year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP) for the governmental funds through the General Fund. Tax dollars reserved for capital expenditures in the General Fund are internally transferred to the Street / Public Works Fund, Airport Fund, Recreation Fund, Library Fund, and Golf Fund as needed per the CIP and project completion. Funds are retained within the General Fund until expenditures are incurred, and / or the project is completed. The City is constantly looking for ways to leverage limited city funding by actively seeking out grant and potential cost-sharing opportunities.

The City secured funding through the CARES Act to provide wireless internet hotspots at various locations throughout McCall.

The Tourism Local Option Tax generated approximately \$691,188 in revenue in 2020 of which \$390,384 was used internally by the General Fund and \$300,804 externally for programs and non-profit groups. The programs and groups recommended for funding by the LOT commission and approved by Council in 2020 include the following; 1) McCall Area Chamber of Commerce, 2) Valley County Recreation, 3) Payette Lakes Ski Club, 4) MCPAWS Regional Animal Shelter, 5) Treasure Valley Transit, 6) Payette Lakes Community Association, 7) Manchester Ice and Event Center, 8) McCall Winter Sports Club, 9) McCall Hockey/Ice Skating Association, 10) McCall Figure Skating Club, 11) Roots Forest Scholl, Inc., 12) McCall Arts and Humanities Council, 13) Valley County Search and Rescue, and 14) West Central Mountains Housing Trust.

Capital Assets

At the end of 2020 the City had \$69,582,408 invested in capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation), compared to \$59,673,302 at the end of 2019. Additional information can be found in Note 5 of the financial statements.

	Primary Government							
	G	overnmental Activities	al Business-type Activities			Total		
Land Buildings and Improvements Infrastructure	\$	9,568,894 1,591,425 11,562,696	\$	1,142,320 5,995,549 -	\$	10,711,214 7,586,974 11,562,696		
Improvements Other		11,002,000				12,002,000		
Than Buildings		10,038,888		10,935,908		20,974,796		
Equipment		1,413,535		715,020		2,128,555		
Construction in Progress		14,564,270		2,053,903		16,618,173		
Total	\$	48,739,708	\$	20,842,700	\$	69,582,408		

The City recorded current year depreciation of \$1,637,802 in governmental activities and \$977,832 in business-type activities.

Long-Term Debt

Business-type activity outstanding debt includes \$1,377,295 in a note payable to the Idaho Department of Environmental Quality. The City is allowed a general obligation debt limit of 2% of market valuation of real and personal property in its taxing area. As of September 30, 2020, based on valuations from Valley County, the limit would be \$32.3M. The City did not issue any new debt in 2020. Detailed information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 of the financial statements.

FY21 Budgetary Considerations

The 2021 budget includes several capital projects including implementation of the City's campus Site Improvements, pathway improvement, Brown Park Improvements, and continued emphasis on pavement rehabilitation in the Governmental Funds. In the Enterprise funds the 2021 budget includes continued water line replacement, implementation of the water master plan and the third annual water utility rate increase, and reconstruction of the golf club house parking lot. The City is moving forward with rehabilitating the remaining apron pavement. Construction costs are funded by an FAA grant in summer of 2021. The Library Board is moving forward with their capital campaign for the Library Expansion project. The board has hired a general manager and general contractor for the project and a May 2021 General Obligation bond election was approved by the McCall City Council.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of McCall's finances for our citizens and customers. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the Finance Office: 216 East Park Street, McCall, Idaho 83638, (208) 634-2103.

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City of McCall, Idaho Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Primary Government					Component Unit		
	Governmental Business-type					Urban Renewal		
	Activities		Activities		Total			
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Current Assets								
Deposits and investments	\$	8,835,962	\$	4,951,462	\$	13,787,424	\$	1,396,008
Receivables								
Taxes		6,307,503		-		6,307,503		765,454
Intergovernmental		330,350		-		330,350		-
Accounts, net of allowance		584,346		463,431		1,047,777		-
Grants		2,815,185		-		2,815,185		-
Other		-		-		-		276
Prepaids		18,084		5,200		23,284		-
Internal and component unit balances		181,495		57,785		239,280		(239,280)
Inventory		87,672		83,430		171,102		-
Total current assets	1	9,160,597		5,561,308		24,721,905		1,922,458
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted deposits and investments		1,674,169		390,979		2,065,148		-
Long-term internal balances		85,000		(85,000)		-		-
Capital assets								
Land and construction in								
progress, not depreciated	2	4,133,164		3,196,223		27,329,387		293,115
Buildings, improvements and equipment,								
net of depreciation	2	4,606,544		17,646,477		42,253,021		799,290
Total noncurrent assets	5	0,498,877		21,148,679		71,647,556		1,092,405
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred net pension		529,967		129,517		659,484		-
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 7	70,189,441	\$	26,839,504	\$	97,028,945	\$	3,014,863

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City of McCall, Idaho Statement of Net Position September 30, 2020

	Primary Government							Component Unit	
	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities					Urban	
					Total		Renewal		
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position									
Current Liabilities									
Vouchers and interest payable	\$	1,857,334	\$	248,467	\$	2,105,801	\$	5,734	
Payroll payable		384,745		82,386		467,131		-	
Advanced revenue		162,601		-		162,601		-	
Capital lease obligations, current portion		-		20,382		20,382		-	
Current portion of long-term liabilities		-		334,321		334,321		-	
Total current liabilities		2,404,680		685,556		3,090,236		5,734	
Noncurrent Liabilities									
Net pension liability		2,113,183		403,142		2,516,325		-	
Compensated absences payable		206,149		49,702		255,851		-	
Capital lease obligations, non-current		-	45,201		45,201			-	
Other long-term debt, non-current		-		1,042,974		1,042,974			
Total liabilities		4,724,012		2,226,575		6,950,587		5,734	
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Deferred net pension		62,742		101,739		164,481		-	
Unavailable revenue		6,166,592		-		6,166,592		762,984	
Irrevocable split-interest agreement		579,160		-		579,160		-	
Total deferred inflows of resources		6,808,494		101,739		6,910,233		762,984	
Net Position									
Net invested in capital assets		48,739,708		19,790,801		68,530,509		1,092,405	
Restricted for									
Local option tax	641,298		-		641,298			-	
Franchise fees	1,094,514		-		1,094,514			-	
Library	83,767		-		83,767			-	
Highways		45,750		-		45,750		-	
Urban renewal		-		-		-		1,153,740	
Unrestricted		8,051,898		4,720,389		12,772,287		-	
Total net position		58,656,935		24,511,190		83,168,125		2,246,145	
	\$	70,189,441	\$	26,839,504	\$	97,028,945	\$	3,014,863	

See Notes to Financial Statements

City of McCall, Idaho Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2020

			Program Revenues				Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net				Position			
				(Operating		Capital		Pr	imar	y Government	-		
			Charges for	(Grants and	G	irants and	Go	overnmental	Βι	isiness-type		Com	ponent
Functions/Programs	Expe	enses	Services	Contributions		Contributions		Activities		Activities		Total	ι	Jnit
Primary Government														
Governmental Activities														
General government														
Executive and legislative	\$ 2	205,019	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(205,019)	\$	-	\$ (205,019)	\$	-
Administrative	1,2	269,702	50,458		-		-		(1,219,244)		-	(1,219,244)		-
Public safety	1,5	529,262	31,313		2,950		-		(1,494,999)		-	(1,494,999)		-
Parks and recreation														
Parks	-	130,792	-		-		50		(130,742)		-	(130,742)		-
Recreation	1,4	423,819	23,104		48,765		-		(1,351,950)		-	(1,351,950)		-
Community services														
Community services	8	383,720	948,073		367,273		25,000		456,626		-	456,626		-
Library	4	466,299	10,286		12,365		10,803		(432,845)		-	(432 <i>,</i> 845)		-
Airport	e	673,325	226,477		71,089		5,043,748		4,667,989		-	4,667,989		-
Local Option Tax	3	353,510	-		771,970		258,331		676,791		-	676,791		-
Streets/Public Works	2,9	936,386	155,192		163,706		-		(2,617,488)		-	(2,617,488)		
Total Governmental Activities	9,8	871,834	1,444,903		1,438,118		5,337,932		(1,650,881)			(1,650,881)		
Business-type Activities														
Water	2,2	109,514	3,546,585		-		-		-		1,437,071	1,437,071		-
Golf	1,0	065,811	873,886		-		10,000		-		(181,925)	(181,925)		-
Total Business-type Activities	3,2	175,325	4,420,471		-	1	10,000				1,255,146	1,255,146		-
Total Primary Government	\$ 13,0	047,159	\$ 5,865,374	\$	1,438,118	\$	5,347,932		(1,650,881)		1,255,146	(395,735)		-
Component Unit Urban Renewal	\$ 3	359,680	\$-	\$	-	\$							\$ (3	359,680)

City of McCall, Idaho Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
	Pr	t						
	Governmental	Business-type		Component				
	Activities	Activities	Total	Unit				
General revenues								
Property taxes, levied for								
General purposes	3,847,143	-	3,847,143	763,765				
Recreation	267,841	-	267,841	-				
Library	465,353	-	465,353	-				
Airport	72,797	-	72,797	-				
Street/Public Works	1,729,005	-	1,729,005	-				
Franchise fees	307,724	-	307,724	-				
Local option tax	2,860,240	-	2,860,240	-				
Sales tax and other governmental	981,864	-	981,864	-				
Investment earnings	158,295	45,983	204,278	9,374				
Miscellaneous	146,898	35,475	182,373	-				
Transfers	(50,478)	108,287	57,809	(136,118)				
Total General Revenues and Transfers	10,786,682	189,745	10,976,427	637,021				
Change in Net Position	9,135,801	1,444,891	10,580,692	277,341				
Net Position, Beginning of Year	49,521,134	23,066,299	72,587,433	1,968,804				
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 58,656,935	\$ 24,511,190	\$ 83,168,125	\$ 2,246,145				

City of McCall, Idaho Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

	General	Street / Public Works	Airport	Recreation	Library	Local Option Tax	Nonmajor Governmental Fund (Capital Projects)	Total Governmental Funds
Assets								
Deposits and investments	\$ 6,024,137	\$ 1,454,266	\$-	\$ 580,516	\$ 857,404	\$ 1,067,364	\$ 134,093	\$ 10,117,780
Receivables								
Taxes	3,693,011	1,732,669	81,767	288,649	511,407	-	-	6,307,503
Intergovernmental	232,404	45,750	16,798	17,204	-	18,194	-	330,350
Accounts	189,077	1,799	34,565	29,206	9,760	319,875	64	584,346
Grants	367,273	-	2,321,818	-	-	126,094	-	2,815,185
Prepaids	18,084	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,084
Due from other funds								
and component units	-	119,000	-	257,840	151,513	-	59,938	588,291
Interfund loans receivable	85,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	85,000
Inventory	-	87,672	-	-	-	-	-	87,672
Restricted deposits								
and investments	1,094,514				579,655			1,674,169
	\$ 11,703,500	\$ 3,441,156	\$ 2,454,948	\$ 1,173,415	\$ 2,109,739	\$ 1,531,527	\$ 194,095	\$ 22,608,380

City of McCall, Idaho Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds September 30, 2020

Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Reso	General	Street / Public Works	Airport	Recreation	Library	Local Option Tax	Nonmajor Governmental Fund (Capital Projects)	Total Governmental Funds
	arces and r und bar	ances						
Liabilities								
Deficit in deposits	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,217,725	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 64,093	\$ 1,281,818
Accounts payable	462,838	236,193	208,308	187,294	11,803	750,898	-	1,857,334
Payroll payable	227,355	67,843	11,475	52,402	19,882	5,788	-	384,745
Due to other funds	340,063	13,235	-	-	-	-	53,498	406,796
Advanced revenue	1,137			7,888	153,576			162,601
Total liabilities	1,031,393	317,271	1,437,508	247,584	185,261	756,686	117,591	4,093,294
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable revenue Irrevocable split-	3,685,520	1,729,201	88,649	288,066	510,384	-	-	6,301,820
interest agreement					579,160			579,160
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,685,520	1,729,201	88,649	288,066	1,089,544			6,880,980
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	103,084	87,672	-	-	-	-	-	190,756
Restricted	1,674,320	45,750	-	61,492	83,767	-	-	1,865,329
Assigned	-	1,261,262	928,791	576,273	751,167	774,841	76,504	4,368,838
Unassigned	5,209,183	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,209,183
Total fund								
balances	6,986,587	1,394,684	928,791	637,765	834,934	774,841	76,504	11,634,106
	\$ 11,703,500	\$ 3,441,156	\$ 2,454,948	\$ 1,173,415	\$ 2,109,739	\$ 1,531,527	\$ 194,095	\$ 22,608,380

City of McCall, Idaho

September 30, 2020

Fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 11,634,106
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	48,739,708
Some of the property taxes receivable are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	135,228
Compensated absences are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	(206,149)
Net pension liabilities applicable to the City's governmental funds are not reported as fund liabilities.	(2,113,183)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions:Differences between expected and actual experience386,869Changes in assumptions32,858Contributions made subsequent to measurement date110,240	529,967
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions:Net difference between projected and actual investmentearnings on pension plan investmentsDifferences between expected and actual experience(126,084)	 (62,742)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 58,656,935

City of McCall, Idaho Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General	Street / Public Works	Airport	Recreation	 Library	Local Option Tax	Nonmajor Governmental Fund (Capital Projects)	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$ 3,814,410	\$ 1,724,739	\$ 88,232	\$ 267,126	\$ 464,097	\$-	\$-	\$ 6,358,604
Local option tax	630,698	-	-	52,964	-	2,176,578	-	2,860,240
Interest	78,201	14,789	11,269	3,488	10,628	37,960	-	156,335
Licenses and permits	600,768	-	-	7,278	-	759,889	1,960	1,369,895
Intergovernmental	1,377,087	163,706	5,043,748	46,318	10,803	258,331	-	6,899,993
Fines and forfeitures	29,218	-	-	-	1,353	-	-	30,571
Charges for services	1,530,170	39,607	281,966	15,826	8,933	-	-	1,876,502
Miscellaneous	 32,687	55,274	4,122	 52,985	 1,230		53,498	199,796
Total revenues	 8,093,239	1,998,115	5,429,337	 445,985	 497,044	3,232,758	55,458	19,751,936
Expenditures								
Current								
General government	1,682,047	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,682,047
Public safety	1,426,724	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,426,724
Parks and recreation	8,795	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,795
City clerk	265,751	-	-	-	-	-	-	265,751
Community services	968,390	-	-	-	447,669	-	-	1,416,059
Streets	-	2,040,748	-	-	-	-	-	2,040,748
Airport	-	-	304,911	-	-	-	-	304,911
Recreation	-	-	-	1,191,027	-	-	-	1,191,027
Local Option Tax	-	-	-	-	-	337,199	-	337,199
Capital outlay	 2,166,066	309,530	5,043,206	 347,922	 142,604	3,767,111		11,776,439
Total expenditures	 6,517,773	2,350,278	5,348,117	 1,538,949	 590,273	4,104,310		20,449,700
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) expenditures	 1,575,466	(352,163)	81,220	 (1,092,964)	 (93,229)	(871,552)	55,458	(697,764)

See Notes to Financial Statements

City of McCall, Idaho Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2020

	General	Street / Public Works	Airport	Recreation	Library	Local Option Tax	Nonmajor Governmental Fund (Capital Projects)	Total Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Contributions	50		_	2,447	12,365			14,862
Transfers in	- 50	- 250,807	-	1,241,113	298,889	-	-	1,790,809
Transfers out	(1,709,480)	-	-	-	-	-	(53,498)	(1,762,978)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,709,430)	250,807		1,243,560	311,254		(53,498)	42,693
Net Change in Fund Balance	(133,964)	(101,356)	81,220	150,596	218,025	(871,552)	1,960	(655,071)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	7,120,551	1,496,040	847,571	487,169	616,909	1,646,393	74,544	12,289,177
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 6,986,587	\$ 1,394,684	\$ 928,791	\$ 637,765	\$ 834,934	\$ 774,841	\$ 76,504	\$ 11,634,106

City of McCall, Idaho

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended September 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (655,071)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays of (\$11,776,439) exceeded depreciation (\$1,637,802) in the current period.	10,138,637
Some property tax and special assessment revenue in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	39,135
Compensated absences are not recorded in the governmental funds because they are not a use of current financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, the change is recorded as a revenue (expense).	(57,534)
Pension revenues (expenses) are not recorded in the governmental funds because they are not a use of current financial resources. However, in the statement of activities, the change is recorded as a revenue (expense).	 (329,366)
Change in Net Position	\$ 9,135,801

City of McCall, Idaho

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds

September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds							
	Water	Golf	Total					
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Current Assets								
Deposits and investments	\$ 4,368,638	\$ 582,824	\$ 4,951,462					
Receivables								
Accounts, net of allowance	451,218	12,213	463,431					
Due from other funds	15,285	42,500	57,785					
Prepaids	-	5,200	5,200					
Inventory	83,430		83,430					
Total current assets	4,918,571	642,737	5,561,308					
Noncurrent Assets								
Restricted deposits and investments	390,979	-	390,979					
Capital assets								
Land	562,326	579,994	1,142,320					
Buildings	12,000,457	952,595	12,953,052					
Improvements other than								
buildings	17,598,216	3,746,178	21,344,394					
Equipment	867,168	488,637	1,355,805					
Construction in progress	2,053,903	-	2,053,903					
Less accumulated depreciation	(14,651,192)	(3,355,582)	(18,006,774)					
Total noncurrent assets	18,821,857	2,411,822	21,233,679					
Deferred Outflows of Resources								
Deferred net pension	90,364	39,153	129,517					
Total assets and deferred								
outflows of resources	\$ 23,830,792	\$ 3,093,712	\$ 26,924,504					

City of McCall, Idaho

Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds

September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds						
		Water		Golf		Total	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position							
Current Liabilities							
Accounts and interest payable	\$	220,206	\$	28,261	\$	248,467	
Payroll payable		43,932		38,454		82,386	
Capital lease obligations, current portion		-		20,382		20,382	
Current portion of long-							
term liabilities		334,321		-		334,321	
Total current liabilities		598,459		87,097		685,556	
Long-Term Debt							
Net pension liability		274,155		128,987		403,142	
Compensated absences payable		30,358		19,344		49,702	
Capital lease obligations, non-current		-		45,201		45,201	
Other long-term debt, non-current		1,042,974		-		1,042,974	
Long-term interfund loans payable				85,000		85,000	
Total liabilities		1,945,946		365,629		2,311,575	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Deferred net pension		80,408		21,331		101,739	
Net Position							
Net invested in capital assets		17,444,562		2,346,239		19,790,801	
Unrestricted		4,359,876		360,513		4,720,389	
Total net position		21,804,438		2,706,752		24,511,190	
	\$	23,830,792	\$	3,093,712	\$	26,924,504	

City of McCall, Idaho

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position – Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Enterprise Funds						
	Water	Golf	Total					
Operating Revenues	¢ 2,000,046	¢ 072.000	¢ 2,772,022					
Charges for services Local option tax	\$ 2,898,946	\$ 873,886	\$ 3,772,832					
Other	14,463	21,012	35,475					
Total operating revenues	2,913,409	894,898	3,808,307					
Operating Expenses								
Personnel services	679,200	539,789	1,218,989					
Contractual services	179,175	36,080	215,255					
Materials and supplies	111,118	88,924	200,042					
Utilities	149,179	128,402	277,581					
Repairs and maintenance	160,740	93,321	254,061					
Depreciation	803,416	174,416	977,832					
Total operating expenses	2,082,828	1,060,932	3,143,760					
Operating Income (Loss)	830,581	(166,034)	664,547					
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)								
Interest income	44,348	1,635	45,983					
Bad debt expense	2,824	-	2,824					
Private contributions	-	10,000	10,000					
Hook-on fees	647,639	-	647,639					
Interest expense	(29,510)	(4,879)	(34,389)					
Total nonoperating								
revenues (expenses)	665,301	6,756	672,057					
Income (Loss) Before Contributions								
and Transfers	1,495,882	(159,278)	1,336,604					
Transfers out	(131,807)	-	(131,807)					
Transfers in		240,094	240,094					
Change in Net Position	1,364,075	80,816	1,444,891					
Net Position, Beginning of Year	20,440,363	2,625,936	23,066,299					
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 21,804,438	\$ 2,706,752	\$ 24,511,190					

City of McCall, Idaho

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds							
	Water	Golf	Total					
Operating Activities Received from user charges Payments to employees for services Payments to suppliers for goods and services	\$ 2,852,730 (634,677) (636,785)	\$ 895,108 (508,755) (350,433)	\$					
Net Cash from Operating Activities	1,581,268	35,920	1,617,188					
Noncapital Financing Activities Transfers in Transfers out Net payments on due to other funds	- (131,807) (19,469)	240,094 - (48,203)	240,094 (131,807) (67,672)					
Net Cash from (used for) Noncapital Financing Activities	(151,276)	191,891	40,615					
Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition of capital assets Hook-on fees Private contributions Principal payments on long-term debt Principal payments on capital lease Interest paid	(748,301) 647,639 - (327,161) - (29,510)	- 10,000 - (19,033) (5,997)	(748,301) 647,639 10,000 (327,161) (19,033) (35,507)					
Net Cash used for Capital and Related Financing Activities	(457,333)	(15,030)	(472,363)					
Capital and Related Investing Activities Interest received on investments	44,348	1,635	45,983					
Net Cash from Capital and Related Investing Activities	44,348	1,635	45,983					
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,017,007	214,416	1,231,423					
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	3,742,610	368,408	4,111,018					
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$ 4,759,617	\$ 582,824	\$ 5,342,441					
Presented on the State of Net Position - Proprietary Funds Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash	\$ 4,368,638 390,979	\$ 582,824 	\$					
	\$ 4,759,617	\$ 582,824	\$ 5,342,441					

City of McCall, Idaho

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds

Year Ended September 30, 2020

	Enterprise Funds								
		Water		Golf		Total			
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities									
Operating income (loss)	\$	830,581	\$	(166,034)	\$	664,547			
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash from operating activities									
Depreciation and amortization		803,416		174,416		977,832			
Pension related items		19,076		16,187		35,263			
Changes in assets and liabilities									
Accounts receivable		(60,679)		210		(60 <i>,</i> 469)			
Prepaids		-		2,600		2,600			
Inventory		(6,945)		-		(6,945)			
Vouchers payable		(29,628)		(6,306)		(35,934)			
Compensated absences		3,863		164		4,027			
Payroll payable		21,584		14,683		36,267			
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	1,581,268	\$	35,920	\$	1,617,188			

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The City of McCall, Idaho (the City) incorporated in the State of Idaho on July 19, 1911. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police), parks and recreation, community services, streets, and general administrative services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

These basic financial statements present the City and its component unit as required by generally accepted accounting principles. Component units are organizations that are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements represents the financial data of the City's single component unit, the Urban Renewal Agency (URA). URA is a separate and distinct legal entity created by state statute. The directors for URA are appointed by the Mayor and approved by the City Council. URA provides urban renewal services for the citizens of the City.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The statement of net position and the statement of activities were prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position resulting from nonexchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Street/Public Works Fund - The Street/Public Works Fund is used to account for the operation of the street maintenance department. Financing is provided by state gasoline and sales taxes as well as property taxes. State law and city ordinance require that these revenues be used to maintain roads and streets.

Airport Fund - The Airport Fund is used to account for the operation of the City's local airport. Financing is provided through property taxes, charges for services and state and federal grants.

Recreation Fund - To account for operation of City recreation programs. Financing is provided by a specific annual property tax levy to the extent miscellaneous revenues are not sufficient to provide such financing. City ordinance restricts these property taxes to financing of recreation programs.

Library Fund – A special revenue fund to account for the operation of the public library. Financing is provided principally through property taxes which are restricted for library operations by City ordinance.

Local Option Tax – To account for the operation of the City's Local Option Tax over tourism.

The City has reported the following nonmajor governmental fund:

Capital Project Fund - To account for certain capital projects of the City.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund - To account for the operations of the water system.

Golf Fund - To account for the operations of the City's public golf course.

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business when the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges or when the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between various functions of the government when elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and products and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds are charges for services to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets.

All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The Water and Sewer Funds also recognize, as non-operating revenue, the portion of hook-on fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system.

Deposits and Investments

The City pools cash of all funds into common bank accounts. The accounting records of each fund reflect its interest in the pooled cash. Any deficiencies in cash of individual funds represent liabilities to other funds for cash borrowed. Cash includes amounts in demand deposits and interest-bearing demand deposits, and time deposit accounts. Cash equivalents include amounts in time deposits and those investments with original maturities of 90 days or less. Under state law, the City may deposit funds in demand deposits, interest-bearing demand deposits or time deposits with state banks organized under Idaho law and national banks having their principal offices in Idaho. All cash is either covered with FDIC insurance or fully collateralized in the name of the City.

The Joint Powers Investment Pool was established as a cooperative endeavor to enable public entities of the State of Idaho to aggregate funds for investment. This pooling is intended to improve administrative efficiency and increase investment yield. The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is managed by the State of Idaho Treasurer's office. The funds of the Pool are invested in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and U.S. government securities. The certificates of deposit are federally insured. The U.S. government securities and the collateral for the repurchase agreements are held in trust by a safekeeping bank.

An annual audit of Joint Powers Investment Pool is conducted by the State Legislative Auditors Office. The Legislative Auditor of the State of Idaho has full access to the records of the Pool.

Idaho Code provides authorization for the investment of funds as well as to what constitutes an allowable investment. The City policy allows for investment of idle funds consistent with the Idaho State Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A.

The Code limits investments to the following general types:

Certain revenue bonds, general obligation bonds, local improvement district bonds and registered warrants of state and local governmental entities.

Time deposit accounts, tax anticipation and interest-bearing notes.

Bonds, treasury bills, debentures, or other similar obligations of the United States Government and United States Government Agencies.

Repurchase agreements secured by the above.

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City's policy requires all investments should be held in the City's name, in the bank's Trust Department, or alternately in the Federal Reserve Bank.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of debt securities or another counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation is commonly expressed in terms of the credit quality rating issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization such as Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch's. The limits on credit risk are based on Idaho Code.

Interest Rate Risk

Investments that are fixed for longer periods are likely to experience greater variability in their fair values due to future changes in interest rates. The City's policy to mitigate interest rate risk is to structure the City's portfolio so that securities mature to meet the City's cash demands and ongoing operations, thereby precluding the need to sell securities to the open market prior to their maturity and primarily invest in shorter-term securities.

Concentration of Credit Risk

When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration represents heightened risk of potential loss. No specific percentage identifies when concentration risk is present. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has adopted a principal that governments should provide note disclosure when five percent of the total entities investments are concentrated in any one issuer. Investments in obligations specifically guaranteed by the U.S. government, mutual funds, and other pooled investments are exempt from disclosure. The City's policy is to invest no more than 50% of their total investments in a single security type or with a single financial institution, with the exception of the U.S. Treasury Securities, and authorized pools.

Property Taxes Receivable

Within the governmental fund financial statement, property taxes are recognized as revenue when the amount of taxes levied is measurable, and proceeds are available to finance current period expenditures.

Available tax proceeds include property tax receivables expected to be collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes attach as liens on properties on January 1, and are levied in September of each year. Tax notices are sent to taxpayers during November, with tax payments scheduled to be collected on or before December 20.

Taxpayers may pay all or one-half of their tax liability on or before December 20. If one-half of the amount is paid on December 20, the remaining balance is due by the following June 20. Since the City is on a September 30 fiscal year-end, property taxes levied during September for the succeeding year's collection are recorded as deferred inflows of resources at the City's year-end and recognized as revenue in the following fiscal year for all governmental funds. Valley County bills and collects taxes for the City.

Customer Services Receivable

Amounts owed to the City for customer services are due from area residents and businesses and relate to water services provided by the City. The City analyzes past due accounts and current circumstances to evaluate collectability. There is an allowance for doubtful accounts as of September 30, 2020, of \$4,649. As of September 30, 2020, accounts past 90 days totaled \$2,730.

General Fund Accounts Receivable

Amounts owed to the City for customer services are due from a variety of sources. The City analyzes past due accounts and current circumstances to evaluate collectability. There is an allowance for doubtful accounts as of September 30, 2020, of \$296. As of September 30, 2020, there are no accounts past 90 days.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. The cost of inventory items are recognized as expenditures in governmental funds when purchased (purchase method) and as expenses in proprietary funds when used (consumption method).

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated fixed assets are valued at their estimated acquisition value on the date donated. Public domain infrastructure consisting of roads, sidewalks, water and sewer lines are also reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is recorded by use of the straight-line method. The book value of each asset is reduced by equal amounts over its estimated useful life as follows:

Estimated Useful						
Life (Years)						
Buildings	12 - 40					
Infrastructure	20 - 50					
Improvements other than buildings	10 - 40					
Machinery and equipment	5 - 10					

Maintenance, repairs and minor renewals are charged to operations as incurred. When an asset is disposed of, accumulated depreciation is deducted from the original cost, and any gain or loss arising from its disposal is credited or charged to operations.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflow of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. The one item is as follows: the pension obligation, reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Bonded Indebtedness

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, longterm obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are capitalized and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize long-term obligations as a liability of a governmental fund when due, or when resources have been accumulated in the debt service fund for payment early in the following year. For other long-term obligations, only that portion expected to be financed from expendable available financial resources is reported as a fund liability of a governmental fund. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Compensated Absences Payable

The City provides personal leave to its full-time employees and sick leave to both full and part-time employees. Personal leave is either paid to employees when taken or paid to employees or their beneficiaries upon the employee's termination, retirement or death. Sick leave is either paid to employees when taken or paid to employees or their beneficiaries upon the employee's termination, retirement or death. Sick leave is either paid to employees when taken or paid to employees or their beneficiaries upon the employee's termination, retirement or death for hours accrued in excess of 500 to a maximum of 720. The amount of unpaid leave accumulated by City employees is accrued as an expense when incurred in the government-wide and the proprietary funds financial statements, which use the accrual basis of accounting. In the Governmental Funds, only the amount that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is accrued as current year expenditures. Unless it is anticipated that compensated absences will be used in excess of a normal year's accumulation, no additional expenditures are accrued. Therefore, the entire unpaid liability for the Governmental Funds is considered long-term and is recorded in the government-wide financial statement only.

Advanced Revenue

The City reports advanced revenues on its statement of net position and fund balance sheet. Advanced revenues arise when resources are received by the City before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the City has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for advanced revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Fund Balance Reporting

The Local Option Tax (LOT) was established in 2005 by City Ordinance No. 796, renewed by City Ordinance No. 887 in 2011 effective January 1, 2012, and renewed by City Ordinance No. 965 in 2018 effective January 1, 2019. In 2015, two additional local LOTs were established by City Ordinance 936. The LOT established in 2011 is to be used for programs and groups recommended by the LOT commission and approved by City Council. The two additional LOT's established in 2015 are to be used primarily for street replacement, repair and maintenance. Highway user fees are restricted by State Statute and County laws and are legally segregated for funding of infrastructure improvements. Franchise fees are established by City Ordinance No. 862 in 2009 for the specific use of funding underground utility expansion.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City Council has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Resolution 11-19 was adopted in November of 2011 to establish minimum fund balance / net position policies consisting of cash flow and budget stabilization. Those minimum balances enable the City to meet debt payments and other obligations. The minimum balances established for cash flow are expressed as a percentage of the current years' operating budget. Those minimums are as follows: General Fund – 25%, Special Revenue Funds – 20%, Enterprise Funds – 30%, in addition to any sums required under loan or bond agreements. The minimum fund balances established for budget stabilization are expressed as a percentage of the three most recent years' average operating budgets. Those minimums are as follows: General Fund – 15%, Special Revenue Funds – 10%. In the event these minimum balances are used, the City shall strive to restore the balances to the above levels within no more than three fiscal years following the fiscal year in which the reserves were used.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Nonspendable fund balance—amounts that are non-cash or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as inventory, long-term loans receivable, property held for sale, endowment or permanent fund principal, and prepaid items.
- Restricted fund balance—amounts that have externally enforceable limitations on their uses; amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance—amounts constrained to specific purposes by the City Council itself; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the City Council takes the same level action to remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance—amounts the City Council intend to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the City Council or by an official designated by the City Council by resolution.

• Unassigned fund balance—amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

As of September 30, 2020, fund balances are composed of the following:

	General	Streets / Public Works	Airport	Recreation	Library	Local Option Tax	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Nonspendable Prepaids Inventory Long-term interfund	\$ 18,084 -	\$- 87,672	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -	\$ - -
note receivable	85,000					-	
Total nonspendable	103,084	87,672					
Restricted							
Local Option Tax Library	579,806 -	-	-	61,492 -	۔ 83,767	-	-
Highway user fee Franchise fees	۔ 1,094,514	45,750	-	-	-	-	-
Total restricted	1,674,320	45,750		61,492	83,767		
Assigned							
Street/Public works	-	1,261,262	-	-	-	-	-
Airport	-	-	928,791	-	-	-	-
Library Recreation	-	-	-	-	751,167	-	-
Local Option Tax	-	-	-	576,273	-	- 774,841	-
Capital Projects							76,504
Total assigned		1,261,262	928,791	576,273	751,167	774,841	76,504
Unassigned							
Unassigned	5,209,183						
Total unassigned	5,209,183						
	\$ 6,986,587	\$ 1,394,684	\$928,791	\$637,765	\$834,934	\$ 774,841	\$ 76,504

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will include a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category reported on the government-wide statement of net position. They are the employer pension assumption, property taxes, and an irrevocable split-interest agreement.

The City reports unavailable revenue as a deferred inflow of resources on its statement of net position and fund balance sheet. On the government fund financial statements property taxes that are delinquent are recorded as unavailable revenue since they are not available within 60 days of the fiscal year end, however in the government-wide financial statements delinquent taxes are recognized in the year they are measurable. Taxes levied during September for the succeeding year's collection are recorded as deferred inflows of resources at the City's year-end and recognized as revenue in the following fiscal year for all governmental funds and governmental activities.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefits payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets. The City participates in a public entity risk pool, Idaho Counties Risk Management Pool (ICRMP), for liability, medical and disability insurance. The City's exposure to loss from its participation in ICRMP is limited to the extent of their deductible only.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

At September 30, 2020, the City's deposits in banks were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or collateralized with securities held in the City's name as follows:

	Rating	Maturity	
Deposits			
Insured or collateralized	N/A	N/A	\$ 1,779,786
Idaho First Bank Certificate of Deposit	N/A	October 3, 2020	246,755

\$ 2,026,541

Certain assets are reported at fair value in the City's financial statements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction in the principal, or most advantageous, market at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether the price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Inputs used to determine fair value refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available. A three-tier hierarchy categorizes the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets that can be accessed at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset, and market-corroborated inputs.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset. In these situations, the City develops inputs using the best information available in the circumstances.

Investments' fair value measurements are as follows at September 30, 2020:

Equities and Money Market Mutual Funds: Valued at fair value based on the quoted prices for active markets.

Fixed Income: Corporate bonds, U.S. Government obligations, and municipal bonds are valued by the custodians of the securities using pricing models based on credit quality, time to maturity, state interest rates, and market-rate assumptions.

Real Estate Assets: Values are based on trust statement value of real estate assets.

The related fair values of these assets are determined as follows:

	Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Equities Fixed Income	\$	355,973	\$	355,973	\$	-	\$	-
Municipal Securities		206,815		-		206,815		-
Total investments by								
fair value level		562,788		355,973		206,815		-
Investments measured at net asset value State of Idaho Local Government								
Investment Pool (LGIP)	1	2,962,915		-		-		-
Total investments	\$1	3,525,703	\$	355,973	\$	206,815	\$	-

Investments valued using the net asset value (NAV) per share generally do not have readily obtainable market values and are instead valued based on the City's pro-rata share of the pool's fair value of the underlying assets. The City values these investments based on information provided by the State of Idaho Treasurer's Office. The City's certificate of deposit was established at a financial institution, matures on October 3, 2020, and is valued at original cost plus accrued interest.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is defined as the risk a government may face should interest rate variances affect the fair value of investments. Investments in debt securities that are fixed for longer periods are likely to experience greater variability in their fair values due to future changes in interest rates.

As of September 30, 2020, the City had the following investments subject to interest rate risk:

Rating	Maturity	
N/A	N/A	\$ 1,779,786
N/A	October 3, 2020	246,755
		\$ 2,026,541
	N/A	N/A N/A

Credit Risk

Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. GASB requires disclosure of credit quality ratings for investments in debt securities. (The credit risk ratings below are issued upon standards set by Standard and Poor's).

	Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3	
Equities Fixed Income	\$	355,973	\$	355,973	\$	-	\$	-
Municipal Securities		206,815		-		206,815		-
Total investments by fair value level		562,788		355,973		206,815		-
Investments measured at net asset value State of Idaho Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	-	V) 2,962,915		-		-		-
Total investments	\$1	3,525,703	\$	355,973	\$	206,815	\$	-

Note 3 - Restricted Assets

Restricted assets are required to be segregated as to use and are therefore identified as restricted assets. The restricted assets are as follows:

Deposits and investments General Fund, Franchise Fees	\$ 1,094,514
Library Fund, Irrevocable Split Interest Trust Water Fund, DEQ Loan Reserves	 579,655 390,979
	\$ 2,065,148

Note 4 - Intergovernmental and Grant Receivables

The following summarizes the intergovernmental receivables at September 30, 2020:

Source	
State of Idaho Revenue sharing Highway users	\$ 232,404 45,750
Payette Lakes Recreational Water Sewer District United States Forest Service Valley County Waterways	 18,194 16,798 17,204
	\$ 330,350
Grants owed to the City at September 30, 2020, by source are:	
Federal Aviation Administration State of Idaho CARES Act Idaho Transportation Investment Program Idaho Community Development Block Grant	\$ 2,321,818 367,273 53,829 72,265
	\$ 2,815,185

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with property taxes receivables that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period as deferred inflows of resources. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that were raised for the subsequent fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components reported in the governmental funds as deferred inflows of resources were as follows:

	Delinquent Taxes		S	ubsequent Tax Levy	 Total
Property taxes (general fund)	\$	51,732	\$	3,633,788	\$ 3,685,520
Property taxes (street fund)		47,345		1,681,856	1,729,201
Property taxes / hangar lease (airport fund)		16,607		72,042	88,649
Property taxes (recreation fund)		5 <i>,</i> 509		282,557	288,066
Property taxes (library fund)		14,035		496,349	 510,384
Total unavailable revenue	\$	135,228	\$	6,166,592	\$ 6,301,820

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Changes in capital assets of governmental activities are as follows:

	Oct. 1, 2019	Additions	Transfers	Deletions	Sept. 30, 2020
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets, not depreciated					
Land	\$ 9,568,894	\$-		\$-	\$ 9,568,894
Construction in progress	3,468,962	11,162,234	(66,926)		14,564,270
	42 027 056	11 1 62 22 1	(66.026)		24.422.464
Total capital assets, not depreciated	13,037,856	11,162,234	(66,926)		24,133,164
Capital assets, depreciated					
Buildings	3,755,681	-	-	-	3,755,681
Infrastructure	18,425,600	99,824	-	-	18,525,424
Improvements other than buildings	19,502,052	366,773	66,926	-	19,935,751
Equipment	5,110,849	147,608		80,564	5,177,893
Total capital assets, depreciated	46,794,182	614,205	66,926	80,564	47,394,749
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	2,085,445	78,811	-	-	2,164,256
Infrastructure	6,383,564	579,164	-	-	6,962,728
Improvements other than buildings	9,172,738	724,125	-	-	9,896,863
Equipment	3,589,220	255,702		80,564	3,764,358
	21 220 067	1 (27 002			22 700 205
Total accumulated depreciation	21,230,967	1,637,802		80,564	22,788,205
Total net capital assets, depreciated	25,563,215	(1,023,597)	66,926	-	24,606,544
	· · · · ·				· · · ·
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 38,601,071	\$ 10,138,637	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 48,739,708

Changes in capital assets of business-type activities are as follows:

	Oct. 1, 2019	Additions	Transfers	Deletions	Sept. 30, 2020
Business-type activities Capital assets, not depreciated					
Land	\$ 1,142,320	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$ 1,142,320
Construction in progress	1,305,602	748,301	_ ب	- ب -	2,053,903
construction in progress	1,505,002	740,301			2,033,303
Total capital assets, not depreciated	2,447,922	748,301			3,196,223
Capital assets, depreciated					
Buildings	12,953,052	-	-	-	12,953,052
Improvements other than buildings	21,344,394	-	-	-	21,344,394
Equipment	1,378,727			22,922	1,355,805
Total capital assets, depreciated	35,676,173			22,922	35,653,251
Less accumulated depreciation for					
Buildings	6,639,194	318,309	-	-	6,957,503
Improvements other than buildings	9,858,931	549,555	-	-	10,408,486
Equipment	553,739	109,968		22,922	640,785
Total accumulated depreciation	17,051,864	977,832		22,922	18,006,774
Total net capital assets, depreciated	18,624,309	(977,832)			17,646,477
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 21,072,231	\$ (229,531)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 20,842,700

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 233,497
Recreation	195,491
Public works / Streets	852,420
Library	2,700
Airport	353,694
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 1,637,802
Business-type activities	
Water	\$ 174,416
Golf	803,416
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 977,832

Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Incoming receipts and outgoing disbursements are sometimes deposited to/disbursed from one fund on behalf of another fund. At that time, a corresponding receivable/payable and operating transfer is recorded between the funds. The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2020 is as follows:

Amounts due to the General Fund from: Golf, long-term receivable balance	\$	85,000
Amounts due to the Street / Public Works Fund from: General	Ş	119,000
Amounts due to the Golf Fund from: General	\$	42,500
Amounts due to the Water Fund from: Street / Public Works General	\$	13,235 2,050
	\$	15,285
Amounts due to the Library Fund from: General	\$	151,513
Amounts due to the Recreation Fund from: General Urban Renewal Agency	\$	25,000 232,840
	\$	257,840
Amounts due to the Capital Projects Fund from: Urban Renewal Agency	\$	6,440

Interfund transfers were made for the purpose of funding operations and the settlement of internal balances.

Interfund transfers for the year ended September 30, 2020, were:

Interfund transfers	Golf Fund	Urban Renewal Agency	Recreation	Streets	Library	Total
Transfers out General Water Urban Renewal Agency Nonmajor Governmental	\$ 240,094 - -	\$ - - -	\$ 1,051,497 - 189,616	\$ 119,000 131,807 -	\$ 298,889 - -	\$ 1,709,480 131,807 189,616
Funds		53,498				53,498
	\$ 240,094	\$ 53,498	\$ 1,241,113	\$ 250,807	\$ 298,889	\$ 2,084,401

Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the City for the year ended September 30, 2020:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Governmental Activities Compensated absences	\$ 148,615	\$ 71,084	\$ 13,550	\$ 206,149	<u>\$ -</u>
Governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 148,615	\$ 71,084	\$ 13,550	\$ 206,149	<u>\$ -</u>
Business-type Activities Compensated absences	\$ 45,675	\$ 5,837	\$ 1,810	\$ 49,702	<u>\$ -</u>
Notes payable Department of Environmental Quality	1,704,456		327,161	1,377,295	334,321
Capital leases Golf carts	84,616		19,033	65,583	20,382
Business-type activities long-term liabilities	\$ 1,834,747	\$ 5,837	\$ 348,004	\$ 1,492,580	\$ 354,703

Compensated absences will be liquidated by all funds as the associated payroll is expended.

\$

1,377,295

Business-type activities long-term debt at September 30, 2020 is comprised of the following:

Note payable to State of Idaho, for \$5,908,755. Due in semi-annual installments of \$179,955 through 2024; interest accrues at 2.0%, unsecured.

The annual requirements to amortize all debt outstanding as of September 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Business-type Activities			
	 Principal		Interest	
2021 2022 2023 2024	\$ 334,321 340,746 347,595 354,633	\$	25,877 19,163 12,314 5,328	
	\$ 1,377,295	\$	62,682	

In Idaho, a municipality is allowed a general obligation bond debt limit of 2% of the market valuation of the real and personal property in its taxing area. The City's legal debt limits for 2020, based on data available from Valley County as of September 30, 2020, would be approximately \$32,300,000. The City has no aggregate general obligation bond indebtedness on September 30, 2020.

Note 8 - Leases

The City leases office space, copiers, and various equipment under long-term leases / purchase agreements through fiscal year 2025. The terms of the agreements call for transfer of ownership and a balloon payment at the end of the lease terms, however, the equipment dealer has entered into a buyback guarantee for the amount of the balloon payment, which the City intends to exercise. The leases with balloon payments expire in fiscal years 2022, 2023, and 2024 wherein the balloon payments of \$858,000, \$185,000, and \$265,000, respectively, are due. Based on the terms of the agreement and the intent of the City, the leases have been reported as operating leases.

Leased property under capital leases includes \$109,646 of equipment with accumulated depreciation of \$40,203 as of September 30, 2020.

Future minimum lease payments, not including the balloon payments, are as follows:

	Capital Leases		Operating Leases	
2021 2022 2023 2024 2025	\$	25,030 25,030 25,030 - -	\$	309,591 303,592 343,516 325,922 6,396
Total minimum lease payments		75,090	\$	1,289,017
Less portion representing interest		9,507		
Present value of minimum lease payments - Note 7	\$	65,583		

Total lease expense for the year ended September 30, 2020 totaled \$304,494.

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits to eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police. As of June 30, 2020, it was 7.16% for general employees and 8.81% for police. The employer contribution rate as a percentage of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% for general employees and 12.28% for police. The City's contributions were \$493,865 for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2020, the City reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2020, the City's proportion was 0.001083627 percent, which was a decrease of 0.000019367 percent from June 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$911,301.

At September 30, 2020, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Ou	Deferred utflows of esources	In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	196,602	\$	82,164
Changes in assumptions or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension		42,556		-
plan investments		288,419		-
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions		-		82,317
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date		131,907		-
Total	\$	659,484	\$	164,481

The \$131,907 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending September 30, 2021.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2019, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2020, is 4.7.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Years ended June 30:	
2021	\$ (35,742)
2022	82,353
2023	133,377
2024	183,108

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, <u>Idaho Code</u>, is 25 years.

The following are the actuarial assumptions and the entry age normal cost method, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Assumptions	
Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases including inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05% * Net of plan investment expense
Cost-of-living adjustments	1.00%

Mortality rates were based on the RP – 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- No offset for male police
- Forward one year for female police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 for the PERSI Base Plan, which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2020 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers, and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

September 30, 2020

City of McCall, Idaho Notes to Financial Statements

The capital market assumptions are:

		Long-Term	
		Expected	Long-Term
		Nominal Rate	Expected Real
	Target	of Return	Rate of Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)	(Arithmetic)
		<u>/</u>	
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	2.80%	0.55%
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.55%	6.30%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.70%	6.45%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2 250/	2 250/
		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Ret	urn	6.25%	3.89%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Ret	urn,		
Net of Investment Expenses		5.85%	3.49%
Deuterlie Lane Teurs Fundated Deal Date of Datum			
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses			4.14%
Portfolio Standard Deviation			14.16%
			14.1076
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board			
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return,			
Net of Investment Expenses			4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return,			
Net of Investment Expenses			7.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

			Current	
	 1% Decrease (6.05%)	Di	scount Rate (7.05%)	 1% Increase (8.05%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,160,294	\$	2,516,325	\$ 330,194

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the Pension Plan

At September 30, 2020, the City had no reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

Note 10 - Pledged Revenue

The City has pledged future water customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay a \$5.9 million drinking water facility promissory note payable to the State of Idaho signed in April 2004. Proceeds from the note provided financing to complete phase II of the water treatment facility. The bonds are payable solely from drinking water facility revenues and are payable through 2024. Annual principal and interest payments on the note are expected to require less than 20 percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1,377,295. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$356,671 and \$2,898,946, respectively.

Note 11 - Contingent Liabilities

Under the terms of federal and state grants, periodic audits are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the terms of the grants. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, could become a liability of the City. City management believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial. The City has entered into various commitments to developers for certain expansion to infrastructure projects. These are contingent on the developments being constructed and no amount has been assigned or accrued.

During 2020, 2021, and 2022 the world-wide coronavirus pandemic continues to impact national and global economies. The City is closely monitoring its operations, liquidity, and capital resources and is actively working to minimize the current and future impact of this unprecedented situation. As of the date of issuance of these financial statements, the future impact to the City is not known.

Note 12 - Subsequent Events

Subsequent to year end, City of McCall issued Series 2021 General Obligation Bonds for the construction of a new library facility in the par amount of \$3,715,000 issued at a premium of \$564,435. The bonds are due in annual principal payments of \$120,000 to \$250,000 beginning September 1, 2021, plus interest at 4% per annum until 2031 and bi-annual principal payments of \$385,000 to \$490,000 beginning September 1, 2033, plus interest at 3% per annum until 2041.

On August 18, 2020, the Urban Renewal Agency (URA or the Agency) of the City of McCall, Idaho passed a resolution to terminate the Agency following the sunset of the revenue authority which expired December 2020. The resolution allows for collection of any revenues and payment of all final project costs and administrative fees in fiscal year 2021.

Note 13 - Component Unit

The Urban Renewal Agency (URA or the Agency) is created by and exists under the Idaho Urban Renewal Law of 1965, as amended, and is a separate legal entity.

The following is a summary of the disclosures required for a fair presentation of the component unit in the City's financial statements.

Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments for URA include amounts in money market accounts and The Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), which managed by the State of Idaho Treasurer's office. At year-end, the carrying amount of deposits and LGIP reported in deposits and investments was \$1,396,008. The funds of the LGIP are invested in certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, and U.S. government securities. The certificates of deposit are federally insured. The U.S. government securities and the collateral for the repurchase agreements are held in trust by a safekeeping bank.

Investments are stated at fair value, as determined by quoted market prices, except for any certificates of deposit, which are non-participating contracts, and are therefore carried at amortized cost. Interest earned is allocated on a basis of average investment balance. Idaho Code provides authorization for the investment of funds as well as to what constitutes an allowable investment. The Agency's policy allows for investment of idle funds consistent with the Idaho State Code 67-1210 and 67-1210A.

The Code limits URA investments to the following general types:

Certain revenue bonds, general obligation bonds, local improvement district bonds and registered warrants of state and local governmental entities.

Time deposit accounts, tax anticipation and interest-bearing notes.

Bonds, treasury bills, debentures, or other similar obligations of the United States Government and United States Government Agencies.

Repurchase agreements secured by the above.

Investments in certificates of deposits are stated at amortized cost. Investments in U.S. Treasury securities are stated at amortized cost. Investments in the Joint Powers Investment Pool and repurchase agreements are valued at fair value.

Custodial Credit Risk

For deposits and investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Agency will not be able to recover the value of its deposits, investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The URA does not have a policy for custodial credit risk outside of the deposit and investment agreements.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of debt securities or another counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation is commonly expressed in terms of the credit quality rating issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization such as Moody's, Standard & Poor's and Fitch's. The investments of the URA are not rated. The URA does not have a restrictive policy regarding rated investments.

Interest Rate Risk

Investments that are fixed for longer periods are likely to experience greater variability in their fair values due to future changes in interest rates. The URA does not have a policy concerning maturities of investments.

Concentration of Credit Risk

When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration represents heightened risk of potential loss. No specific percentage identifies when concentration risk is present. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has adopted a principal that governments should provide note disclosure when five percent of the total entity's investments are concentrated in any one issuer. Investments in obligations specifically guaranteed by the U.S. government, mutual funds, and other pooled investments are exempt from disclosure. The URA does not have policy limiting the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

At September 30, 2020, the URA's cash equivalents consisted of the following:

Cash equivalents and investments US Bank Money Market Account Local General Investment Pool	\$	817,748 578,260
	<u>\$</u>	1,396,008

The money market funds are managed by First American Funds. The funds are invested in repurchase agreements and U.S. Treasury Strips, Notes, and Bonds. The U.S. government securities and the collateral for the repurchase agreements are held in trust by a safekeeping bank.

Changes in General Fixed Assets

Changes in URA general fixed assets are as follows:

	Balance Oct. 1, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance Sept. 30, 2020
Capital assets, not depreciated Land	\$ 293,115	\$	\$-	\$ 293,115
Total capital assets, not depreciated	293,115	<u> </u>		293,115
Capital assets, depreciated Buildings, improvements and equipment	3,498,650			3,498,650
Total capital assets, depreciated	3,498,650			3,498,650
Less accumulated depreciation Improvements	2,367,500	331,860		2,699,360
Total accumulated depreciation	2,367,500	331,860		2,699,360
Buildings, improvements and equipment, net	1,131,150	(331,860)		799,290
	\$ 1,424,265	\$ (331,860)	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 1,092,405

Unavailable Revenue

The URA reports unavailable revenue in connection with property taxes receivables that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period as deferred inflows of resources. The URA also defers revenue recognition in connection with resources that were raised for the subsequent fiscal year. At the end of the current fiscal year, deferred inflows of resources were reported for property taxes.

Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in long-term debt of the URA for the year ended September 30, 2020:

	-Term Debt oct. 1, 2019	Debt	Issued	De	bt Retired	Long-Term Debt at Sept. 30, 2020		
Revenue bonds 2006 agency bonds Premium on agency bonds	\$ 435,000 354	\$	-	\$	435,000 354	\$	-	
	\$ 435,354	\$	-	\$	435,354	\$	-	

Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020 City of McCall, Idaho

City of McCall, Idaho

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund Year Ended September 30, 2020

Original Final Actual (Unfavoral Property taxes \$ 3,831,097 \$ 3,831,097 \$ 3,831,097 \$ 3,831,097 \$ 3,814,410 \$ (Intervent function for the functin function for the funct		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance with Final Budget Favorable
Property taxes \$ 3,831,097 \$ 3,831,097 \$ 3,831,097 \$ 3,831,097 \$ 3,814,410 \$ (160) Local option tax 712,249 712,249 630,698 (83) Interest 50,000 50,000 78,201 28 Licenses and permits 283,600 283,600 600,768 317 Intergovernmental 900,643 900,643 1,377,087 476 Fines and forfeitures 33,600 33,600 29,218 (4 Charges for services 1,361,729 1,361,729 1,530,170 166 Miscellaneous 3,300 33,000 32,687 225 Total revenues 7,176,218 7,176,218 8,093,239 917 Expenditures 31,354 316,1499 97 City manager 450,147 450,147 430,752 16 Administration 459,430 459,430 315,54 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 333,256 17 Public safety	-			Actual	(Unfavorable)
Local option tax 712,249 712,249 630,698 (81 Interest 50,000 50,000 78,201 28 Licenses and permits 283,600 283,600 600,768 317 Intergovernmental 900,643 900,643 1,377,087 476 Fines and forfeitures 33,600 33,600 29,218 (4 Charges for services 1,361,729 1,361,729 1,530,170 166 Miscellaneous 3,300 3,300 32,687 25 Total revenues 7,176,218 7,176,218 8,093,239 917 Expenditures 7 226,127 197,563 28 Mayor and council 226,127 226,127 197,563 28 Network administration 459,430 361,499 97 City manager 450,147 450,147 430,752 19 Public safety 1,792,038 1,729,038 1,266,77 14 Finance department 393,240 393,240 375,686 17	Revenues				
Interest 50,000 50,000 78,201 28 Licenses and permits 283,600 283,600 600,768 317 Intergovernmental 900,643 900,643 1,377,087 476 Fines and forfeitures 33,600 33,600 29,218 (4 Charges for services 1,361,729 1,361,729 1,530,170 166 Miscellaneous 3,300 3,300 32,687 29 Total revenues 7,176,218 7,176,218 8,093,239 917 Expenditures 7,176,218 7,176,218 8,093,239 917 City manager 450,147 430,752 19 Administration 459,430 361,499 97 City manager 450,147 430,752 19 Administrative 331,354 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 393,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,426,724 366 265 Carik and recreation -					
Licenses and permits 283,600 283,600 600,768 317 Intergovernmental 900,643 900,643 1,377,087 476 Fines and forfeitures 33,600 29,218 (4 Charges for services 1,361,729 1,361,729 1,530,170 166 Miscellaneous 7,176,218 7,176,218 8,093,239 917 Expenditures 9,430 459,430 361,499 97 City manager 450,147 450,147 430,752 19 Administrative 331,354 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 375,686 177 Public safety 1,792,038 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Parks and recreation - 90,616 8,795 81 City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 4226 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) Contributions - 50 Transfer out (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1	-				(81,551)
Intergovernmental 900,643 900,643 1,377,087 476 Fines and forfeitures 33,600 33,600 29,218 (4) Charges for services 1,361,729 1,361,729 1,530,170 168 Miscellaneous 3,300 32,687 22 Total revenues 7,176,218 7,176,218 8,093,239 917 Expenditures 7 7,26,127 197,563 28 Mayor and council 226,127 226,127 197,563 28 Network administration 459,430 459,430 361,499 97 City manager 450,147 450,147 430,752 19 Administrative 331,354 313,554 316,547 144 Finance department 393,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Community services 929,864 628,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,003,328 765 Local option tax			-		28,201
Fines and forfeitures 33,600 33,600 29,218 (4 Charges for services 1,361,729 1,361,729 1,530,170 166 Miscellaneous 3,300 3,300 32,687 25 Total revenues 7,176,218 7,176,218 8,093,239 917 Expenditures 226,127 226,127 197,563 28 Mayor and council 226,127 197,566 26 11 Administration 459,430 459,430 361,499 97 City manager 1,792,038 1,792,038 <	-				317,168
Charges for services 1,361,729 1,361,729 1,530,170 168 Miscellaneous 3,300 3,300 32,687 25 Total revenues 7,176,218 7,176,218 8,093,239 917 Expenditures 226,127 197,563 28 28 Mayor and council 226,127 197,563 28 Administrative 331,354 316,547 14 Administrative 331,354 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Community services 929,864	-				476,444
Miscellaneous 3,300 3,300 32,687 29 Total revenues 7,176,218 7,176,218 8,093,239 917 Expenditures 226,127 197,563 28 28 Mayor and council 226,127 197,563 28 28 Administrative 331,354 331,354 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 395,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outl					(4,382)
Total revenues 7,176,218 7,176,218 8,093,239 917 Expenditures Mayor and council 226,127 226,127 197,563 28 Network administration 459,430 459,430 361,499 97 City manager 450,147 450,147 430,752 19 Administrative 331,354 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 393,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Parks and recreation 90,616 8,795 83 City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 4226 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,103 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (2,315,131)<	-				168,441
Expenditures Mayor and council 226,127 226,127 197,563 226 Network administration 459,430 459,430 361,499 97 City manager 450,147 450,147 430,752 19 Administrative 331,354 331,354 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 393,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Parks and recreation - 90,616 8,795 81 City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,006,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018	Miscellaneous -	3,300	3,300	32,687	29,387
Mayor and council 226,127 226,127 197,563 28 Network administration 459,430 459,430 361,499 97 City manager 450,147 450,147 430,752 19 Administrative 331,354 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 393,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Parks and recreation - 90,616 8,795 81 City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - <td>Total revenues</td> <td>7,176,218</td> <td>7,176,218</td> <td>8,093,239</td> <td>917,021</td>	Total revenues	7,176,218	7,176,218	8,093,239	917,021
Network administration 459,430 459,430 361,499 97 City manager 450,147 450,147 430,752 19 Administrative 331,354 331,354 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 393,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Parks and recreation - 90,616 8,795 81 City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 1 Contributions -	Expenditures				
City manager 450,147 450,147 430,752 19 Administrative 331,354 331,354 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 393,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Parks and recreation - 90,616 8,795 81 City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - 50 50 50 50 Transfer out (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1 Total other financing - 50 50 50	Mayor and council	226,127	226,127	197,563	28,564
Administrative 331,354 331,354 316,547 14 Finance department 393,240 393,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Parks and recreation - 90,616 8,795 81 City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 50 50 Transfer out (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1 Total other financing - 50 50 50	Network administration	459,430	459,430	361,499	97,931
Finance department 393,240 393,240 375,686 17 Public safety 1,792,038 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Parks and recreation - 90,616 8,795 81 City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 50 Transfer out (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1	City manager	450,147	450,147	430,752	19,395
Public safety 1,792,038 1,792,038 1,426,724 365 Parks and recreation - 90,616 8,795 81 City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 50 Transfer out (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1 Total other financing - - 50 50	Administrative	331,354	331,354	316,547	14,807
Parks and recreation - 90,616 8,795 81 City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 (1,709,480) (1 Total other financing (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1	Finance department	393,240	393,240	375,686	17,554
City clerk 289,433 289,433 265,751 23 Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 1 Total other financing (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1	Public safety	1,792,038	1,792,038	1,426,724	365,314
Community services 929,864 929,864 668,062 261 Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 50 1,709,480) (1 Total other financing - - 50 (1,709,480) (1	Parks and recreation	-	90,616	8,795	81,821
Local option tax 1,065,359 1,065,359 300,328 765 Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 50 1,709,480) (1 Total other financing - - 50 1,709,480) (1	City clerk	289,433	289,433	265,751	23,682
Capital outlay 2,075,591 2,592,091 2,166,066 426 Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 50 1,709,480) (1 Total other financing - - 50 1,709,480) (1			-	-	261,802
Total expenditures 8,012,583 8,619,699 6,517,773 2,101 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 Contributions - 50 (1,709,480) (1 Total other financing - 50 (1,709,480) (1	Local option tax	1,065,359	1,065,359	300,328	765,031
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures(836,365)(1,443,481)1,575,4663,018Other Financing Sources (Uses) Contributions Transfer out501Total other financing(2,315,131)(1,708,015)(1,709,480)(1	Capital outlay	2,075,591	2,592,091	2,166,066	426,025
(under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 - Contributions - - 50 - Transfer out (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1 Total other financing - - - 50	Total expenditures	8,012,583	8,619,699	6,517,773	2,101,926
(under) Expenditures (836,365) (1,443,481) 1,575,466 3,018 Other Financing Sources (Uses) - - 50 - Contributions - - 50 - Transfer out (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1 Total other financing - - - 50	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over				
Contributions - 50 Transfer out (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1 Total other financing Total other financing </td <td></td> <td>(836,365)</td> <td>(1,443,481)</td> <td>1,575,466</td> <td>3,018,947</td>		(836,365)	(1,443,481)	1,575,466	3,018,947
Transfer out (2,315,131) (1,708,015) (1,709,480) (1 Total other financing	Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Total other financing	Contributions	-	-	50	50
-	Transfer out	(2,315,131)	(1,708,015)	(1,709,480)	(1,465)
-	Total other financing				
$(1,703,430) \qquad (1,703,430) \qquad $	sources (Uses)	(2,315,131)	(1,708,015)	(1,709,430)	(1,415)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and				
		(3,151,496)	(3,151,496)	(133,964)	\$ 3,017,532
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year 7,120,551 7,120,551 7,120,551	Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	7,120,551	7,120,551	7,120,551	
Fund Balance, End of Year\$ 3,969,055 _\$ 3,969,055 _\$ 6,986,587	Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 3,969,055	\$ 3,969,055	\$ 6,986,587	

City of McCall, Idaho

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Street/Public Works Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Budgetec	ints			Variance with Final Budget Favorable			
		Original		Final		Actual	(Uı	nfavorable)	
Revenues									
Property taxes	\$	1,720,090	\$	1,720,090	\$	1,724,739	\$	4,649	
Local option tax	Ŧ	119,000	Ŧ	119,000	Ŧ	_,/,/ 00	Ŧ	(119,000)	
Interest		10,000		10,000		14,789		4,789	
Intergovernmental		463,756		463,756		163,706		(300,050)	
Charges for services		-		44,222		39,607		(4,615)	
Miscellaneous		35,500		7,500		55,274		47,774	
Total revenues		2,348,346		2,364,568		1,998,115		(366,453)	
Expenditures									
Streets		1,842,531		2,081,760		2,040,748		41,012	
Capital outlay		1,440,987		1,440,987		309,530		1,131,457	
Total expenditures		3,283,518		3,522,747		2,350,278		1,172,469	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(935,172)		(1,158,179)		(352,163)		806,016	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfer in		643,029		626,807		250,807		(376,000)	
Transfer out		(249,904)		-		-		-	
Total other financing									
sources (uses)		393,125		626,807		250,807		(376,000)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and									
Other uses over (under) expenditure	9	(542,047)		(531,372)		(101,356)	\$	430,016	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		1,496,040		1,496,040	1	1,496,040			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	953,993	\$	964,668	\$	1,394,684			

City of McCall, Idaho

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Airport Fund Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Budgeted	l Amour				Fi	ariance with inal Budget Favorable
	Orig	inal		Final		Actual	(U	nfavorable)
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	87,628	\$	87,628	\$	88,232	\$	604
Interest	Ŧ	1,230	Ŧ	1,230	Ŧ	11,269	Ŧ	10,039
Intergovernmental	11.	301,250		11,301,250		5,043,748		(6,257,502)
Charges for services		273,833		273,833		281,966		8,133
Miscellaneous		3,000		3,000		4,122		1,122
Total revenues	11,	666,941		11,666,941		5,429,337		(6,237,604)
Expenditures								
Airport		279,809		350,691		304,911		45,780
Capital outlay		338,036		11,335,000		5,043,206		6,291,794
	,			,,		-,,		-, - , -
Total expenditures	11,	617,845		11,685,691		5,348,117		6,337,574
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) expenditures		49,096		(18,750)		81,220		99,970
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfer out		(67,846)		-		-		-
Total other financing								
sources (uses)	. <u> </u>	(67,846)		-		-		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(18,750)		(18,750)		81,220	\$	99,970
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		847,571		847,571		847,571		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	828,821	\$	828,821	\$	928,791		

City of McCall, Idaho

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Recreation Fund Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amour	nts			Fin	iance with al Budget avorable	
		Original		Final		Actual	(Un	favorable)	
Davidation									
Revenues	\$	266,907	\$	266,907	\$	267 126	\$	219	
Property taxes Local option tax	Ş	76,567	Ş	266,907 76,567	Ş	267,126 52,964	Ş	(23,603)	
Interest		4,992		4,992		3,488		(23,603) (1,504)	
Licenses and permits		7,300		7,300		7,278		(1,504)	
Intergovernmental		176,304		176,304		46,318		(129,986)	
Charges for services		39,100		39,100		40,318 15,826		(129,980) (23,274)	
Miscellaneous		13,750		13,750		52,985		39,235	
Wiscellaneous		13,750		13,750		52,965		39,235	
Total revenues		584,920		584,920		445,985	(138,935)		
Expenditures									
Recreation		1,263,067		1,263,067		1,191,027		72,040	
Capital outlay		863,824		863,824		347,922		515,902	
Total expenditures		2,126,891		2,126,891		1,538,949		587,942	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(1,541,971)		(1,541,971)		(1,092,964)		449,007	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Contributions		5,500		5,500		2,447		(3,053)	
Transfer in		1,354,979		1,354,979		1,241,113		(113,866)	
Total other financing sources		1,360,479		1,360,479		1,243,560		(116,919)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over (under) expenditures		(181,492)		(181,492)		150,596	\$	332,088	
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		487,169		487,169		487,169			
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	305,677	\$	305,677	\$	637,765			

City of McCall, Idaho

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Library Year Ended September 30, 2020

								iance with Ial Budget
		Budgeted	Amour	nts				avorable
		Original		Final		Actual		ifavorable)
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	463,004	\$	463,004	\$	464,097	\$	1,093
Local option tax	Ŧ	250,110	Ŧ	250,110	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	(250,110)
Interest		3,124		3,124		10,628		7,504
Licenses and permits		-		-				-
Intergovernmental		250,000		258,406		10,803		(247,603)
Fines and forfeitures		2,000		2,000		1,353		(647)
Charges for services		9,225		9,225		8,933		(292)
Miscellaneous		700		700		1,230		530
iniseenaneedas		,		,		1,200		
Total revenues		978,163		986,569		497,044		(489,525)
Expenditures								
Community services		387,628		742,859		447,669		295,190
Capital outlay		800,110		550,110		142,604		407,506
Total expenditures		1,187,738		1,292,969		590,273		702,696
		, - ,		, - ,				- ,
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
over (under) expenditures		(209,575)		(306,400)		(93,229)		213,171
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Contributions and								
donations		4,000		4,000		12,365		8,365
Operating transfer in		300,000		300,000		298,889		(1,111)
Transfer out		(105,231)		-	1	-		-
Total other financing								
sources (uses)		198,769		304,000		311,254		7,254
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) expenditures		(10,806)		(2,400)		218,025	\$	220,425
		(10,000)		(2) 100)		210,020	<u> </u>	220,125
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		616,909		616,909		616,909		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	606,103	\$	614,509	\$	834,934		

City of McCall, Idaho

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – Local Option Tax Year Ended September 30, 2020

		Budgeted	Amou	nts			Fi	riance with nal Budget Favorable
		Original		Final		Actual	(U	nfavorable)
Revenues Local option tax Interest Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures	\$	2,113,000 25,165 - 600,000 317,600	\$	2,113,000 25,165 - 600,000 317,600	\$	2,176,578 37,960 759,889 - 258,331	\$	63,578 12,795 759,889 (600,000) (59,269)
Total revenues		3,055,765		3,055,765		3,232,758		176,993
Expenditures Local option tax Capital outlay		76,943 4,236,629		676,943 3,636,629		1,111,564 2,992,746		(434,621) 643,883
Total expenditures	1	4,313,572		4,313,572		4,104,310		209,262
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) expenditures		(1,257,807)		(1,257,807)		(871,552)		386,255
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfer in		1,152,250		1,152,250		-		(1,152,250)
Total other financing sources	1	1,152,250		1,152,250				(1,152,250)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) expenditures		(105,557)		(105,557)		(871,552)	\$	(765,995)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	,	1,646,393		1,646,393	. <u> </u>	1,646,393		
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	1,540,836	\$	1,540,836	\$	774,841		

City of McCall, Idaho Notes to Required Supplementary Information September 30, 2020

Note 1 - Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

Prior to September 1, the City Council and City Manager prepare a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on October 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

Public hearings are conducted at City Hall to obtain taxpayer comments.

Prior to October 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an appropriation ordinance.

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general, special revenue, capital projects and debt service funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts within departments and between departments within any fund. Revisions that alter the total expenditure appropriation of any fund must be approved by the City Council. State law does not allow fund expenditures to exceed fund appropriations.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.

City of McCall, Idaho Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability - PERSI September 30, 2020

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years 2020 2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Employer's portion of the net pension liability 0.11% 0.11% 0.11% 0.12% 0.13% 0.12% Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability \$ 1,652,595 \$ 2,516,325 \$ 1,259,037 \$ 1,834,028 \$ 2,479,805 \$ 1,633,159 \$ 3,884,161 Employer's covered payroll \$ 3,791,742 \$ 3,820,157 \$ 3,782,093 \$ 3,736,238 \$ 3,516,395 Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll 64.78% 66.37% 46.44% 33.20% 43.26% 48.49% Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability 88.22% 93.79% 91.69% 90.68% 87.26% 91.38%

(1) The City will continue to annually report information until this schedule includes 10 fiscal years.

(2) Amounts as of the measurement date of June 30.

City of McCall, Idaho Schedule of Employer Contributions September 30, 2020

	Schedule of Employer Contributions PERSI - Base Plan Last 10 - Fiscal Years											
		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Statutorily required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$	493,865	\$	449,137	\$	430,678	\$	425,774	\$	409,600	\$	393,234
statutorily required contribution		(493,865)		(449,137)		(430,678)		(425,774)		(409,600)		(393,234)
Contribution (deficiency) excess	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Employer's covered payroll	\$	4,115,620	\$	3,934,882	\$	3,839,839	\$	3,773,897	\$	3,624,112	\$	3,516,395
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.00%		11.41%		11.22%		11.28%		11.30%		11.18%

(1) The City will continue to annually report information until this schedule includes 10 fiscal years.



Other Information September 30, 2020 **City of McCall, Idaho**

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Members of the City Council City of McCall, Idaho McCall, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of McCall, Idaho as of and for the year ended September 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise City of McCall, Idaho's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered City of McCall, Idaho's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of McCall, Idaho's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of City of McCall, Idaho's internal control.



Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses (Finding 2020-001 and Finding 2020-002).

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether City of McCall, Idaho's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

City of McCall, Idaho's Response to Findings

City of McCall, Idaho's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. City of McCall, Idaho's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Boise, Idaho March 11, 2022



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Members of the City Council City of McCall, Idaho McCall, Idaho

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

We have audited City of McCall, Idaho (the City) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the City's major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2020. The City's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the compliance for the City's major federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance.

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

In our opinion, City of McCall, Idaho complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major Federal program for the year ended September 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of City of McCall, Idaho is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered City of McCall, Idaho's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of McCall, Idaho's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of <u>the Uniform Guidance</u>. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Boise, Idaho March 11, 2022

City of McCall, Idaho

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended September 30, 2020

Federal Grantor / Pass-Through Grantor / Program or Cluster Title	Federal FAL/CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures
<u>United States Department of Justice</u> Bulletproof Vest Partnership Program Total United States Department of Justice	16.607		\$ 498 498
United States Department of Transportation Passed Through from the State of Idaho Highway Safety Cluster * National Priority Safety Programs	20.616	M5HVE-2020-EA-00	1,499
December 11, 2019 - January 1, 2020 * National Priority Safety Programs	20.010	WORVE-2020-EA-00	1,455
July 1 - 7, 2020 Total Highway Safety Cluster	20.616	M5HVE-2020-EB-00	<u>954</u> 2,453
Airport Improvement Program - Parallel Taxiway			
Separation Study	20.106		6,266
Airport Improvement Program - Relocate Taxiway A	20.106		4,867,528
Airport Improvement Program - Master Plan Update	20.106		168,716
Total Airport Improvement Program			5,042,510
Pass Through Payments from State of Idaho Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			
* Idaho Transportation Investment Program	20.205	A020 (146))	190,323
Total Highway Planning and Construction Clus	ster		190,323
Total United States Department of Transportation			5,235,286
United States National Endowment for the Humanities Pass Through Payments from State of Idaho	_		
* COVID-19 CARES Act Mini Grant	45.310	LS-246530-OLS-20	844
* COVID-19 CARES Act Idaho Humanities Council	45.129	SO-263500-49	1,457
Total United States National Endowment for the Hu	imanities		2,301
United States Department of the Treasury			
Pass Through Payments from State of Idaho			
* COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund - CFAC	21.019	20-1892-0-1-806	119,500
* COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund - Broadband	21.019	20-1892-0-1-806	41,700
* COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund - GPSGI	21.019	20-1892-0-1-806	206,072
United States Department of Housing and Linhan Dave	lanmont		367,272
United States Department of Housing and Urban Deve	iopment		
Pass Through Payments from State of Idaho * Idaho Community Development Block Grant	14.228	ICDBG-19-III-14-ED	468,965
	17.220	1000-13-111-14-CD	
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 6,074,322

* Indicates amounts are passed through to the City from another Government Agency

Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards presents the activity of all federal financial assistance programs of City of McCall, Idaho (the "City"). The reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the City's basic financial statements. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the City, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the City. The City received federal awards both directly from federal agencies and indirectly through pass-through entities.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting as described in Note 1 to the City's basic financial statements. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the SEFA at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed.

Note 3 - Indirect Cost Rate

The City has not elected to use the 10% de minimus cost rate.

DRAFT City of McCall, Idaho

SECTION I - Summary of Auditor's Results

<u>Financial Statements</u>					
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes None reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No				
<u>Federal Awards</u>					
Internal Control over major program: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	No None reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified				
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516?	No				
Identification of major program:					
CFDA NumberName of Federal Program20.106Airport Improvement Program					
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$750,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes				

City of McCall, Idaho

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2020

SECTION II - Financial Statement Findings

2020-001 Financial Statement Preparation Material Weakness

Criteria:

Management should have an internal control system in place designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited. This includes proper reporting on a modified accrual basis of accounting and the ability to convert the trial balance from modified accrual to full accrual under the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). It also includes the ability to prepare the footnote disclosures required by GASB. Additionally, this includes posting of all material adjustments necessary to close the year and accurately reflect the activity of the City throughout the year.

Condition:

An internal control system design must include elements to accurately prepare financial statements without adjustments by the auditor. As auditors, we were requested to assist management in the preparation of the financial statements from the trial balances. This preparation included certain closing entries, government–wide reporting conversion entries and footnotes.

Cause:

The size of the City and the limited number of accounting personnel makes it difficult to implement this level of internal control.

Effect:

Management relied on the auditing firm to report financial data in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. The auditor proposed certain accrual closing entries, government—wide reporting conversion entries and prepared the footnotes and reported financial data in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Recommendation:

Management should develop written procedures for year-end closure to ensure that all year-end adjustments are recorded and that the financial information is recorded accurately and in a timely manner. Management and those charged with governance should assess the benefit of implementing an internal control system that includes the preparation of the financial statements and related footnotes in relation to the cost or other considerations.

Views of Responsible Officials:

Management will work to develop procedures for year-end closing entries. Management will consider the cost and benefits of preparing the report in future years.

City of McCall, Idaho Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs Year Ended September 30, 2020

2020-002 Material Audit Adjustments Material Weakness

Criteria:

During the course of our engagement, we proposed material audit adjustments that would not have been identified through the City of McCall's internal control process, and therefore could have resulted in a material misstatements of the City's financial statements. The internal control structure should include procedures to ensure that account balances are properly stated and reconciled at year-end.

Condition:

An internal control system design must include elements to properly reconcile account balances at year-end, post closing entries, and to record items in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Cause:

The City does not have a proper internal control structure in place to identify material adjustments.

Effect:

Material audit adjustments were proposed through the course of the audit. If these adjustments were not recorded, the financial statements could have been materially misstated.

Recommendation:

Management should develop a review process to ensure that the financial information is recorded appropriately in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and is properly reconciled and recorded at year-end.

Views of Responsible Officials:

Management will work to develop the proper procedures to ensure that account balances are appropriately reconciled at year-end and recorded in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

SECTION III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

McCall Urban Renewa	Cash Flow (Forecast)						
	Cash Rec	eived					
	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimated	YTD Estimated
1- Cash from Operations	OCT '21	NOV '21	DEC '21	JAN '22	FEB '22	LStimated	TOTAL
Increment Receivable as of 09/30/2021	2,549		164	19,654	49		22,415
Interest Income	2,549	- 79	69	36	49 13		197
							197
Cash from Operations	2,549	79	232	19,690	62		
2- Additional Cash Received	OCT '21	NOV '21	DEC '21	JAN '22	FEB '22		
Miscellaneous Revenue (MRA Celebration)	300						300
Additional Cash Received	300						
Cash Received	2,849	79	232	19,690	62		
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	Actual	Actual	Actual			Estimated	
1- Expenditures from Operations	OCT '21	NOV '21	DEC '21	JAN '22	FEB '22		TOTAL
Professional Services							
Elam & Burke, P.A.		945		2,647			3,592
Redevelopment Assoc.of Idaho							
Star News							
Due to / Due from							
US Bank Acct Charges	183	181	165	183	198		910
Brown Park / E. Lake Str. Imp. Trf to City							
1.Public Art - Amy Westover 2.Brown Park / E. Lake Str. Wf		5,000					5,000
Falvey's LLC Waterfront Improv.	378,234		1,061	38,114		123,843	541,253
Horrock's Task Orders:	570,254		1,001	30,114		125,045	041,200
TO #21-04A E.Lake Str. WF/Brwn Park CEI		3,013	1,113	256		480	4,863
TO #21-05 Brown Park Improvements		315				484	800
TO #21-06 E. Lake & Hemlock ROW Strscape		8,682					8,682
SubTotal Spent on Operations	378,417	18,137	2,340	41,200	198	124,807	565,099
	Cash Fl	0W					
	OCT '21	NOV '21	DEC '21	JAN '22	FEB '22		TOTAL
Initial Cash Balance	610,678	235,110	217,052	214,945	193,435	193,298	
Revised 3/7/2022 Cash Received	2,849	79	232	19,690	62		22,912

Cash Spent	-378,417	-18,137	-2,340	-41,200	-198	-124,807	-565,099
Net Cash Flow (Rev over Exp.)	-375,568	-18,058	-2,107	-21,510	-136	-124,807	-542,187
Cash Balance	235,110	217,052	214,945	193,435	193,298	68,491	

2- Additional Cash Received OCT '21 NOV '21 DEC '21 JAN '22 FEB '22 MAR '22 APR '22 JUN '22 JUL '22 AUG '22 SEP '22 TOTAL Miscellaneous Revenue -																
Per County Clerk will not receive increment revenue until December 2020 yrp Actual 1- Cash from Operations Actual OCT '21 Actual NOV '21 Actual DEC '21 Actual JAN '22 Actual FEB '22 Estimated MAR '22 Estimated APR '22 Estimated MAR '22 MAR '22 APR '22 MAR '22 MAR '22 MAR '22 MAR '22 MAR '22 MAR '22	DT W UR Pro	ject			Cash Flo	<mark>OW (Fore</mark>	cast)									
Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimated	Cash Received															
1- Cash from Operations OCT '21 NOV '21 DEC '21 JAN '22 FEB '22 MAR '22 JAN '22 JUN '22 JUL '22 AUG '22 SEP '22 TOTAL TOTAL Tax Increment Interest 946 13 6,054 87,183 2,242 1,805 4,224 1,326 2,935 28,574 2,505 291 138,097 (37,597,09) Cash from Operations 946 13 6,054 87,183 2,242 1,805 4,224 1,326 2,935 28,574 2,505 291 1,000 Cash from Operations 946 13 6,054 87,183 2,242 1,805 4,224 1,326 2,935 28,574 2,505 291 1,000 Miscellaneous Revenue Interest FEB '22 MAR '22 APR '22 MAY '22 JUL '22 AUG '22 SEP '22 TOTAL Interest <th>Per County Cle</th> <th>erk will no</th> <th>ot receive</th> <th>increme</th> <th>nt revenu</th> <th>ue until D</th> <th>ecember</th> <th>2020</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>YTD</th> <th></th>	Per County Cle	erk will no	ot receive	increme	nt revenu	ue until D	ecember	2020						YTD		
1- Cash from Operations OCT '21 NOV '21 DEC '21 JAN '22 FEB '22 MAR '22 JAN '22 JUN '22 JUL '22 AUG '22 SEP '22 TOTAL TOTAL Tax Increment Interest 946 13 6.054 87,183 2,242 1,805 4.224 1,326 2,935 28,574 2,505 291 138,097 (37,597.09) Cash from Operations 946 13 6.054 87,183 2,242 1,805 4,224 1,326 2,935 28,574 2,505 291 1,000 1,000 Cash from Operations 946 13 6.054 87,183 2,242 1,805 4,224 1,326 2,935 28,574 2,505 291 V 70TAL Miscellaneous Revenue -		Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimated	UNEARNED								
Interest	1- Cash from Operations	OCT '21	NOV '21	DEC '21	JAN '22	FEB '22	MAR '22	APR '22	MAY '22	JUN '22		AUG '22	SEP '22	TOTAL	TOTAL	
Interest	Tax Increment	946	13	6,054	87,183	2,242	1,805	4,224	1,326	2,935	28,574	2,505	291	138,097	(37,597.09)	
2- Additional Cash Received OCT '21 NOV '21 DEC '21 JAN '22 FEB '22 MAR '22 APR '22 JUL '22 JUL '22 AUG '22 SEP '22 TOTAL Miscellaneous Revenue -														-		
Miscellaneous Revenue Initial Initia Initial Initial <td>Cash from Operations</td> <td>946</td> <td>13</td> <td>6,054</td> <td>87,183</td> <td>2,242</td> <td>1,805</td> <td>4,224</td> <td>1,326</td> <td>2,935</td> <td>28,574</td> <td>2,505</td> <td>291</td> <td></td> <td>(36,597)</td>	Cash from Operations	946	13	6,054	87,183	2,242	1,805	4,224	1,326	2,935	28,574	2,505	291		(36,597)	
Miscellaneous Revenue -	2- Additional Cash Received	OCT '21	NOV '21	DEC '21	JAN '22	FEB '22	MAR '22	APR '22	MAY '22	JUN '22	JUL '22	AUG '22	SEP '22		TOTAL	
Additional Cash Received 946 13 6,054 87,183 2,242 1,805 4,224 1,326 2,935 28,574 2,505 291 (36,596) Cash Received 946 13 6,054 87,183 2,242 1,805 4,224 1,326 2,935 28,574 2,505 291 (36,596) Cash Received 946 Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Cash Received Estimated Estimated<	Miscellaneous Revenue														-	
Cash Received 946 13 6,054 87,183 2,242 1,805 4,224 1,326 2,935 28,574 2,505 291 (36,596) Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimated			-												-	
Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Actual Estimated Estimata	Additional Cash Received														-	
1- Expenditures from Operations OCT '21 NOV '21 DEC '21 JAN '22 FEB '22 MAR '22 APR '22 JUN '22 JUL '22 AUG '22 SEP '22 TOTAL Professional Services 1,500.00 18,500 Elam & Burke, P.A. 18,500	Cash Received	946	13	6,054	87,183	2,242	1,805	4,224	1,326	2,935	28,574	2,505	291		(36,596)	
Professional ServicesImage: Services of the service of t																
Elam & Burke, P.A.Safe Checks250.00Safe Checks250.00Safe ChecksSafe Checks </td <td></td> <td>Actual</td> <td>Actual</td> <td>Actual</td> <td>Actual</td> <td>Actual</td> <td>Estimated</td> <td>Estimated</td> <td>Estimated</td> <td>Estimated</td> <td>Estimated</td> <td>Estimated</td> <td>Estimated</td> <td>YTD Actual</td> <td>UNEXPENDED</td>		Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimated	YTD Actual	UNEXPENDED							
SafeChecks 250.00 250.00 Company Company <thcompany< th=""> <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>TOTAL</td><td>TOTAL</td></t<></thcompany<>														TOTAL	TOTAL	
Redevelopment Association of ID 1,250.00 1,250.00 Image: CPA's Image: CPA's <th im<="" td=""><td>Professional Services</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>TOTAL</td><td>TOTAL</td></th>	<td>Professional Services</td> <td></td> <td>TOTAL</td> <td>TOTAL</td>	Professional Services													TOTAL	TOTAL
FY21 Audit Harris CPA's Image: Marris CPA's 4,000.00 Image: Marris CPA's 4,000.00 </td <td>Professional Services Elam & Burke, P.A.</td> <td>OCT '21</td> <td></td> <td>TOTAL</td> <td>TOTAL</td>	Professional Services Elam & Burke, P.A.	OCT '21												TOTAL	TOTAL	
	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecks	OCT '21												TOTAL	TOTAL	
Reserved - Future Capital Image: Constraint of the const	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of ID	OCT '21					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00	TOTAL	
Image: state in the state	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of IDFY21 Audit Harris CPA'sInsurance	OCT '21 250.00 1,250.00					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00 4,000.00	TOTAL 18,500	
Image: state of the state of	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of IDFY21 Audit Harris CPA'sInsurance	OCT '21 250.00 1,250.00					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00 4,000.00 1,673.00	TOTAL 18,500	
Image: state of the state of	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of IDFY21 Audit Harris CPA'sInsurance	OCT '21 250.00 1,250.00					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00 4,000.00 1,673.00	TOTAL 18,500	
Image: state of the state	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of IDFY21 Audit Harris CPA'sInsurance	OCT '21 250.00 1,250.00					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00 4,000.00 1,673.00	TOTAL 18,500	
Image: selection of the se	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of IDFY21 Audit Harris CPA'sInsurance	OCT '21 250.00 1,250.00					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00 4,000.00 1,673.00	TOTAL 18,500	
	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of IDFY21 Audit Harris CPA'sInsurance	OCT '21 250.00 1,250.00					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00 4,000.00 1,673.00	TOTAL 18,500	
	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of IDFY21 Audit Harris CPA'sInsurance	OCT '21 250.00 1,250.00					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00 4,000.00 1,673.00	TOTAL 18,500	
	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of IDFY21 Audit Harris CPA'sInsurance	OCT '21 250.00 1,250.00					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00 4,000.00 1,673.00	TOTAL 18,500	
	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of IDFY21 Audit Harris CPA'sInsurance	OCT '21 250.00 1,250.00					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00 4,000.00 1,673.00	TOTAL 18,500	
SubTotal Spent on Operations 3,173 4,000 98,327	Professional ServicesElam & Burke, P.A.SafeChecksRedevelopment Association of IDFY21 Audit Harris CPA'sInsurance	OCT '21 250.00 1,250.00					MAR '22							TOTAL 1,500.00 4,000.00 1,673.00	TOTAL 18,500	

Cash Flow														
	OCT '21	NOV '21	DEC '21	JAN '22	FEB '22	MAR '22	APR '22	MAY '22	JUN '22	JUL '22	AUG '22	SEP '22	TOTAL	/ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Initial Cash Balance	85,095	82,869	82,881	88,935	176,118	178,360	176,165	180,389	181,715	184,649	213,223	215,728		
Cash Received	946	13	6,054	87,183	2,242	1,805	4,224	1,326	2,935	28,574	2,505	291	138,097	
Cash Spent	(3,173)	-	-	-	-	(4,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(7,173)	
Net Cash Flow (Rev over Exp.)	(2,227)	13	6,054	87,183	2,242	(2,195)	4,224	1,326	2,935	28,574	2,505	291	130,924	
Cash Balance	82,869	82,881	88,935	176,118	178,360	176,165	180,389	181,715	184,649	213,223	215,728	216,019		